

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

OL. XVII, NO. 5313

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1902.

PRICE 2 CENTS

WILLIAM RUSSELL
5¢ CIGAR
GOOD TOBACCO
GOOD WORKMANSHIP
GOOD VALUE
Just what your FAVORITE 5¢ CIGAR should be
HAND MADE *NOT* **MADE IN A MOULD**

INSIBLE SAVING FOR SHREWD SELECTORS.

We run 15 large stores in prominent towns. We purchase immense quantities of the best goods. This big buying advantage we divide with you—making a price on our products that few if any can compete with. We buy nothing but standard quality. Few purchasers go further once they acquainted with our

utter, Cheese, Eggs.

Don't buy at random; we'll give you good reasons for choosing here.

IES' BUTTER AND TEA STORE,

35 CONGRESS ST., PORTSMOUTH.

ER STORES:
Boston Fitchburg Everett Gloucester Westfield
Leominster Quincy Clinton Newburyport Woburn
Attleboro Dover Nashua Northampton

ry Peyser & Son offer Timely Bargains in Children's Winter Suits at \$2.50 to \$5.00.

Pairs of Knee Pants at 50c and 75c.

Sorts of Sweaters for Boys, \$1.00 and \$2.00.

Pairs of the Famous \$2.00 Pants for Men.

ial Values in Men's Suits at \$8.50 and \$10.00.

Trades in Men's Ulsters and Driving Coats at \$7.50 and \$10.00.

HENRY PEYSER & SON.

CANVAS LEGGINGS

FOR SPORTSMEN'S USE.

for Boys and Men. Prices Extremely Low.

P. WENDELL & CO.

2 MARKET SQUARE.

& W. L.
This signature is on every box of the genuine
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

INTO THE WATER

Emperor William's New Yacht Meteor Launched.

Miss Alice Roosevelt Used Wide In Christening Craft.

Later Presented With A Golden Bracelet, The Gift Of Emperor William.

New York, Feb. 25.—In a drizzling rain and in the presence of a brilliant assemblage, amidst cheering and the roar of cannon, the German emperor's new schooner-yacht Meteor was launched from Shooter's island today. Unlike the weather the arrangements were perfect and no untoward incident marred the occasion. The president, Mrs. and Miss Roosevelt, Prince Henry and the distinguished party accompanying them were enthusiastically cheered on arriving at the platform built just back of the bow of the Meteor. Without delay, after greetings had been exchanged, Miss Roosevelt stepped forward, and taking hold of a silver-covered bottle containing German champagne, broke on the side of the vessel. Immediately she seized a silver axe and severed the rope which released the weights holding the Meteor. The vessel went gracefully into the water with the American flag breaking out at the tailrail. American and German national airs were played and from the scores of craft containing excursionists came enthusiastic cheering. Miss Roosevelt wore a dress of sapphire blue velvet, a large black hat trimmed with ostrich feathers, and a fur muff and boa.

A Golden Bracelet Presented Miss Roosevelt.

New York, Feb. 25.—From Shooter's island the president and Prince Henry returned to the Hohenzollern where luncheon was served. Prior to the luncheon a golden bracelet, in which was set a small picture of Kaiser William, was presented to Miss Alice Roosevelt by Prince Henry. It being the emperor's gift to the young woman as sponsor of the new yacht Meteor. The lunch was finished by three o'clock and at 3:10 o'clock the president and Miss Roosevelt entered a carriage and were driven to the Twenty-third street ferry and left Jersey City for Washington at 3:55 p. m. Prince Henry and several of his officers boarded the navy tug Vigilant and were landed at the Battery where an immense crowd had gathered in Battery park to do him honor. As the prince stepped ashore he was greeted by Mayor Low's private secretary, and as the party walked through the park there was tremendous cheering. The official party entered carriages and were driven to city hall where they were received by Mayor Low and the citizens' committee and escorted to the aldermanic chamber where the prince was given the freedom of the city and made a graceful speech in appreciation of the honor conferred upon him. The royal party then went to their carriages and, with Squadron A as an escort, drove up Broadway to Thirty-fourth street and thence to the Hohenzollern. The stay aboard the yacht was a brief one, however, for at 6:17 the prince, his suite and Admiral Evans, drove to the Metropolitan club where they were the guests of Mayor Low. Those who attended the dinner outside of the royal party were the presidential delegates and several citizens, in all ninety-nine. There were no formal speeches.

MISS STONE ON THE WAY HOME.

Constantinople, Feb. 25.—A. A. Gaigullo, the first dragoman of the American legation here, has telegraphed the following message from Macedonia where Miss Ellen M. Stone and comrade, Madame Tsilika, arrived on Feb. 23 after being released by the brigands: "Have seen Miss Stone. Will leave with the ladies for Salonika on February 26."

THE RETAIL MARKET.

The local retail market reports shows few changes from that of last week, but these are upward. Print butter brought 32 cents last week, but the purchaser must add the price of a postage stamp to that figure this week, and 34 cents for the best article. The retail price of beef remains steady, but the dealers are having to pay a little more for it than they did a few weeks ago. Indeed, the wholesale price on beef has been firm, with a higher tendency for over a year.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. Price 25 cents.

BLONDIN ARRESTED.

New York Suspect Said To Have Been Identified.

New York, Feb. 25.—Joseph Wilfrid Blondin, who was accused of the murder of his wife, near Boston, Mass., last June, by cutting off her head, was arrested at police headquarters in New York today. He had gone to headquarters to take an examination for an engineer's license. He was identified by a representative of the Boston police. A few days ago Blondin came to police headquarters and applied in the bureau of boiler inspection for an engineer's license. A poster printed by the Boston police department, on which was a portrait of Blondin and a full description, and also a specimen of his handwriting, was pasted on the wall of the office of the bureau. A roundsman noticed the resemblance between the applicant and the Blondin picture while Blondin himself was looking at it one day. The roundsman notified Detective Captain Titus and the captain also thought the resemblance between the man and the picture was close enough to warrant a suspicion. A telegram was sent to the Boston police and yesterday a detective of that city was sent here to make the identification. Blondin was told to be at police headquarters at eleven o'clock today for an engineer's examination. The Boston detective as soon as he saw the man said he was Blondin. The accused man made no resistance. He was taken to the detective bureau and there he said he was Joseph Bernard, twenty-eight years of age, a French Canadian, single, and a fireman. He said he lived at Eightieth street and Madison avenue. He refused to say anything else other than to declare that he was not Blondin.

ON SMALL POX.

Secretary of State Board of Health Issues a Statement.

Concord, Feb. 25.—Dr. Irving C. Watson, secretary of the state board of health, has given out the following information regarding the small pox situation:

"It is doubtful if any state in the union today is exempt from small pox, and the same is true of the Canadian provinces. In some of the states, especially the larger ones of the middle west, it is extensively scattered. As an illustration, reports just received from Michigan show the presence of the disease in 157 places in fifty-nine different counties. A similar report from Minnesota shows its prevalence in 113 localities, in fifty-three different counties in that state. That the disease is equally prevalent in some of the other states, we have every reason to believe.

"Probably no section of the country has a smaller number of cases in proportion to the population than New England at the present time, and this is due largely, if not wholly, to the vigilance and efficiency of the health authorities."

In conclusion, Dr. Watson, who has had valuable experience in small pox epidemics, makes this potent recommendation:

"If all persons were compelled to be vaccinated, and to be re-vaccinated once in five or ten years, small pox would be wiped out of existence in a single generation."

FAMILY BUTCHERED.

Five of Six Members of The Earl Family Found Murdered in Louisiana.

Welsh, La., Feb. 25.—Last night it was discovered that five of the six members of the Earl family, living about three miles from here, had been murdered and that the head of the household had disappeared. No search has yet been made for his body, although it is generally believed that he has been killed. His wife had her face mashed in with some blunt instrument. One of her sons had been shot through the head and the throats of three others had been cut. None of the family had been seen since Thursday last, and it is thought they were killed on that night. There is no clue to the perpetrator of the deed. The sheriff and coroner have not yet arrived. The Earls originally came from Iowa.

CONCORD FIRM MAKES ASSIGNMENT.

The James R. Hill Harness Company In Financial Trouble—No Statement Issued.

Concord, Feb. 25.—The James R. Hill Harness Co. of this city has made an assignment to Lewis B. Holt. The business was founded in 1842 and now employs 80 men.

No statement is made as to assets and liabilities, but it is expected that satisfactory arrangements will be made under which the business can be continued.

SUICIDE, NOT MURDER.

Weymouth, Mass., Feb. 25.—Medical Examiner Frazier performed an autopsy on the body of Mrs. E. E. Thorndyke, who was found dead in an outhouse at her home in North Weymouth this morning and who it was thought was murdered. The examiner decided that it was a case of suicide. The autopsy disclosed the fact that two arteries in one arm had been severed and that the woman

ONLY A SUGGESTION.

But It Has Proven of Interest and Value to Thousands.

Common sense would suggest that if one wishes to become fleshy and plump it can only result from the food we eat and digest, and that food should be albuminous or flesh-forming food, like eggs, beefsteak and cereals; in other words, the kind of food that make flesh are the foods which form the greater part of our daily bills of fare.

But the trouble is that while we eat



enough and generally too much, the stomach, from abuse and overwork, does not properly digest and assimilate it, which is the reason so many people remain thin and underweight. The digestive organs do not completely digest the flesh-forming beefsteak and eggs and similar wholesome food.

There are thousands of such who are really confirmed dyspeptics, although they may have no particular pain or inconvenience from their stomachs.

If such persons would lay their prejudices aside and make a regular practice of taking, after each meal, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the food would be quickly and thoroughly digested, because these tablets contain the natural pepsines and diastase which every weak stomach lacks, and by supplying this want the stomach is soon enabled to regain its natural tone and vigor.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest every form of flesh-forming food, meat, eggs, bread and potatoes, and this is the reason they so quickly build up, strengthen and invigorate thin, dyspeptic men, women and children. Invalids and children, even the most delicate, use them with marked benefit as they contain no strong, irritating drugs, no cathartics, no any harmful ingredient.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most successful and most widely known of any remedy for stomach troubles because it is the most reasonable and scientific of modern medicines.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by every druggist in the United States and Canada as well as in Great Britain, at 50 cents for complete treatment.

Nothing further is required to cure any stomach trouble or to make thin, nervous, dyspeptic people strong, plump and well.

THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

Some Matters of General Interest Before the Referee.

Concord, Feb. 25.—Upon recommendation of the referee in bankruptcy, Frederick E. Shurtlett of this city, Judge Edgar Aldrich of the United States court has summarily dismissed the entire proceedings in bankruptcy of Frank P. Colby of Manchester. Failure to pay the actual expenses of the referee is said to be the cause.

Recently a Nashua man filed a petition in the United States court seeking a discharge from his liabilities. The amount of his indebtedness, as stated in the petition, was \$73.25. This is the smallest amount involved relating to such matters on record in the office of the clerk of this court.

The petitions filed last week included the following parties: David Caird of Berlin; Sidney T. Corliss, Kensington; Thomas J. Trearmer, Berlin.

Today the following information, which is of interest to New Hampshire attorneys-at-law, and in accord to a recent ruling of the court, was made public:

"The right of bankrupts to file affidavits of poverty in their bankruptcy proceedings without payment at any time of the fees of officials has been for a long time under discussion by various attorneys throughout the United States.

"Under a recent ruling of Judge Aldrich it is now definitely settled that a bankrupt cannot obtain his discharge in bankruptcy without paying at least the actual expenses of the court officials and further that if it is shown that said bankrupt has or can obtain the money with which to pay the fees of the court officials such fees must be paid or the entire proceedings will be dismissed."

WAY DOWN EAST.

William A. Brady's production of Way Down East packed Music hall again on Tuesday evening, and it seems as if this great drama grows in popularity from year to year. In spite of the execrable traveling of Tuesday evening hundreds were in from the surrounding towns, and it can be said that the audience of Tuesday evening was more truly suburban than ever before known at Music hall. Of the play what more can be said than that it was one of Brady's productions. It was presented with all that care for detail that has made the name of Brady famous in the theatrical world.

AMERICANIZING MEXICO.

By Walter J. Ballard.

Inasmuch as the prosperity of our sister republic, Mexico, makes her a more desirable neighbor, it is of interest to note a few facts from the valuable annual report of Consul General Barlow, of Mexico City.

Since the advent of peace and prosperity under President Diaz, a new capital has been growing up, which bids fair to be, ere the close of the present century, one of the wealthiest, stateliest, and most beautiful cities of the Americas. Broad asphalted avenues, paved largely by American companies, and beautiful macadam drives, rolled by American steam street rollers, and made of stone crushed by American machinery, a great canal to carry off the sewage and rainfalls, have been finished in a year. A sewerage system for the entire city will be completed this year. Parks and plazas (public squares) are being improved.

The city is one of the best electric lighted in the world. Over fifty miles of electric street railroad have been built and opened in two years, and fifty miles more will be built this year. All the material and apparatus came from the United States, except the boilers in the power house. American made automobiles and horse carriages are numerous. Modern business blocks, built on the American plan, and public buildings with American conveniences, are being erected. American apartment houses are proving splendid investments. Modern American house conveniences are rapidly being introduced into Mexican homes.

In the past year, \$10,000,000, Mexican, was appropriated by the federal and municipal governments for city improvements. A national theatre, a new palace of justice, and the buildings for the geological department, are being constructed. The climate of the city of Mexico is probably the pleasantest and healthiest of any city in the world. For twenty-five years the mean temperature has been 59-79 degrees F. Though warm some days, it is always cool at night.

The population of the city is 400,000, and the city is far more compactly built and densely populated than any city in the United States. Of the foreign colonies, the Spanish is the largest—about 10,000. Next follows the American, 1,000; French, 3,000; English, 1,500; German, 1,000, and Italian, 400. The total number of Americans in the republic is about 10,000, and increasing rapidly. American capital is being largely invested all over the republic. The influence of American customs is beginning to be felt.

Property and life are as safe as in the United States. Foreigners get full justice and personal liberty is closely guarded. If native products are used the cost of living is about the same as in the United States, but imported products cost 50 to 100 per cent. more. The same old "servant problem" prevails, as Mexican servants are almost worthless. Real estate is very high—cost of building much higher than our own, both for material and labor, judging by the work done. An American bricklayer will lay 3,000 bricks a day, to a Mexican's 200. One American mason at \$8 a day will do as much work as twenty Mexicans at \$1.25 each. The adoption of American clothing has been very marked of recent years. Well-to-do Mexicans are discarding the native dress. Wages are about the same, in gold, as in the United States, while the comforts are not as many.

The City of Mexico is to be for the republic of Mexico, but more so, what Paris is to France, its influence is supreme. It is the railroad and banking center. It is the administrative center, commercially as well as politically. Americans control the trade in machinery and machinery supplies. Germans control the hardware trade, a good one, but the Americans are making great inroads into it. The German hardware stores carry large lines of American goods. The dry goods trade did belong to the English, but the Germans took it, only to lose it again to the French. The Spaniards have almost an absolute monopoly on the grocery trade. Imports of California wines and American fruits are increasing. Most of the resident Americans are

employed on the railroads. The Americans came with the railroads and have operated them ever since. Two American furniture stores do a large business. Failures in business are far rarer than in the United States. A good American hotel is a great want.

While from the Mexican standpoint last year's business was not satisfactory, yet, from the American point of view, it was eminently satisfactory. Imports from the United States show a large increase, while those from every other country importing to Mexico—except Germany—show a large decline. We gained \$4,138,000, or 11.8 per cent., while the total increase in imports was only \$3,765,000, or 5.8 per cent. Added together, the other countries show a decrease of \$373,000. Our sales were 54.3 of the whole, against 50.6 in 1900. We sold Mexico \$55,000,000 and bought of her \$58,000,000. American money and American customs (augmented by these large joint interests) are permeating the land of Cortez. These purchases of ours include large amounts of gold and silver bullion, the net result for us is that we sold 11.8 per cent. more and bought less than 1 per cent. more than in 1900. Leaving out the gold and silver bullion, the balance of merchandise trade is in our favor.

Mexico's weakness is her silver currency, not redeemable in gold at par, compelling the import of two for one in gold to pay her foreign bills. (How thankful we ought to be that we twice "rescaped the snare of the fowler," Mr. W. J. Bryan). Imports from Germany increased 5.8 per cent., or \$410,000, and exports to Germany fell off \$15,571. France sold \$193,000 less and \$42,000 less and bought \$137,000 more. Great Britain sold \$558,000, or 5.3 per cent. less, the shrinkage being more than that in cotton textiles, namely \$2,100,000 to \$1,200,000, a loss of \$900,000. The rise in native cotton and linen manufacturing industries partly account for this.

The principal railroad, the Mexican Central, passed last year into American ownership, mainly the Standard Oil interests. The Mexican National railroad has also passed into the hands of New York capitalists. American activity is also showing itself in other railroads, steam and electric, some of which are in operation, and others, for which the Mexican government is giving concessions with land grant attachments. A permanent exposition of American products, in the "Paris" of Mexico, is largely projected for this.

Mexico's future is largely bound up in that of the United States, commercially. Politically, she is one with us for free institutions, stable government, and the enforcement of the American (Monroe) doctrine of "No outsiders need apply" for territory on the American continent."

Schenectady, N. Y., Feb. 22.

EPPING'S BIG BRICK PLANT.

Prospect of the Largest in New Hampshire Being Established.

Epping, Feb. 25.—An important deal in real estate has just taken place here, in which Mrs. Sarah F. Wright sold her farm, situated in the North River district, to John Gerry of Massachusetts.

It is understood that on the farm, which contains 200 acres of very valuable land, will be established the largest brick plant in New Hampshire; the report being that the land will be transferred to the Epping Brick company.

It is expected that operations will be begun in April, or as early as the condition of the land will permit.

Should the plans materialize, a large number of men will find employment here, and local estate owners begin to foresee something like a boom in the near future.

RESTORED TO ROLL

Tillman and McLaurin Get Their Names Again on Roll of United States Senate.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The names of Senators Tillman and McLaurin of South Carolina have been restored to the roll of the senate.

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE
CURES COLDS IN 24 HOURS.
CURES LAGRIFFE IN 3 DAYS.
NO BETTER REMEDY KNOWN FOR HEADACHE
35 TABLETS FOR 25 CENTS.
BE SURE TO GET HILL'S. IT IS THE ONLY GENUINE.

YOU CERTAINLY WANT THE PUREST FINE OLD KY. TAYLOR WHISKEY
Full Quarts. 8 Years Old.
R. H. HIRSHFIELD, N. E. Agent,
31 HANCOCK STREET, BOSTON.
For Sale by Case and Bottle by Globe Grocery Co.

LAUNCHING OF METEOR

Accomplished Without a Hitch In the Ceremony

LUNCH ON HOHENZOLLERN

Expressions of Good Will Between President and Prince—Latter Grant- ed Freedom of City of New York— Ill-Behaved State Militiamen

New York, Feb. 26.—The all-important event in the itinerary of Prince Henry of Prussia yesterday was the launching of the schooner yacht Meteor, built at Shooter's Island for the German emperor. The christening ceremony was performed by Miss Alice Roosevelt, in the presence of the president, the prince, Ambassador Von Holleben and a brilliant assemblage.

The Meteor moved down the ways at 10:30 a. m., amid a scene of great enthusiasm. The launching proper was without mishap and presented a graceful and beautiful picture, though it was accomplished in a drizzling rain and other inauspicious atmospheric conditions.

The scene was one of animation and good humor, the one for the latter spirit being taken from Prince Henry and Miss Roosevelt, who, standing on the platform near the Meteor, engaged in lively conversation, laughing and joking with democratic unrestraint.

Precisely at 10:33 Miss Roosevelt raised the bottle of champagne, which had been encased in beautiful silver filigree, and which was suspended by a 35-foot silken chain. Dashing the bottle against the side of the vessel with vigorous and effective hand, the wine breaking into spray, Miss Roosevelt said in English: "In the name of the German emperor I christen thee Meteor."

Her voice was loud and clear and could be distinctly heard on all the surrounding platform. Then she raised a silver axe and severed the rope holding the weight which kept the ship in the ways and the vessel went gracefully into the water.

Simultaneously cannon boomed, and the noise of the guns was lost in that resulting from the roar of human voices, aided by the Royal German band, the Naval Militia band and several bands on board the various vessels surrounding the island, where occupants were not privileged to land. Every hat was raised and then there was cheer after cheer for the president, the prince and Miss Roosevelt.

After the launching the president presented several persons to the prince, President Roosevelt, leaning over the railing, shook hands with many of the guests, who were old acquaintances. While this scene was going on the crowd remained, continually cheering and occasionally calling "cheers for the prince," "cheers for the president," or "cheers for Miss Roosevelt." The latter had to repeatedly bow her acknowledgments.

The prince, immediately after the launching, sent the following telegram to the German emperor: "Yacht just launched under brilliant auspices. Christened by Miss Roosevelt's hand. Beautiful craft. Great enthusiasm. I congratulate you with all my heart."

Soon after the launching the presidential party and the prince proceeded to the hall, where a luncheon had been prepared. The health of the prince was drunk and then Prince Henry said: "On this occasion I wish to call for three hearty cheers for the President of the United States, Mr. Roosevelt, hip, hip, hurrah!"

As the prince spoke he waved his arm as a signal and the building shook with responsive cheers. Then President Roosevelt raised his hand and when there was silence, said: "I ask three cheers for the guest who has already won our hearts, Henry of Prussia. Now, a good one."

President Roosevelt's hip, hip, hurrah was drowned in the roar of applause that greeted the call for cheers. Then the prince and president shook hands and as the party started to leave the hall some one among the invited guests shouted, "Mr. President, I offer three cheers for the young lady who has had the honor of launching the Meteor." The cheers were given. The presidential party and the prince and his suite then left for the Hohenzollern luncheon.

The arrangements at Shooter's Island were miserable, and a situation of discomfort to the majority was accentuated by the first and second battalions of the New York state naval militia, who were brought to the island to keep the lines and to fire the presidential and royal salutes. Unable to keep the lines, especially after the launching, the militiamen lost their heads and took to roughly handling many persons, even women, refusing to recognize other badges or cards of invitation. Secretary of War Root, for instance, was forced back by a militiaman who shoved a gun against his breast and would have been unable to enter the building where the president, prince and party were to lunch had it not been for the timely arrival of Chief White of the secret service, who explained Mr. Root's name and rank. There were many similar incidents.

Two newspaper men with badges which admitted them within the ropes were threatened by one of the militiamen, who grasped the trigger of his mule and pushed the butt of the weapon against one of the reporters. Order was not fully restored even when the presidential party appeared and their progress to the luncheon room

was therefore slower. The hundreds of police present conducted themselves with the utmost good nature and acted, so far as their duty was concerned, in a very efficient manner.

The arrangements at the island for the comfort of the guests were exceedingly bad. No attempt, it seemed, had been made to remove the thick coating of slush and dirty snow on the roadways. The arrangements for the press were never before so inadequate at an event of so much importance. Beyond a rude enclosure near the main platform, no consideration whatever was paid the reporters whose hardships in filing news were augmented by the ill-behavior of the naval militia.

From Shooter's Island the president and the prince went to the Hohenzollern, where luncheon was served. Prior to the luncheon a golden bracelet, in which is set a small picture of Kaiser Wilhelm was presented to Miss Roosevelt by Prince Henry. The bracelet is studded with diamonds and other precious stones. It was the emperor's gift to the young woman as sponsor for the new yacht Meteor.

The presentation of the royal gift was an exceedingly simple function. Prince Henry, acting on behalf of the emperor, Prince Henry made a very brief address in presenting the bracelet to Miss Roosevelt and she in turn accepted the gift in a few words in which she expressed her thanks and appreciation of the gift.

At the luncheon on the Hohenzollern the prince addressed the president as follows:

"Mr. Roosevelt: 'You are here on board as a guest of his majesty, the German Emperor, and I really believe that it is the first time that a President of the United States of America has ever been on board of one of his majesty's ships. Please God, may it not be the last time. I wish to thank you heartily for the reception I have had from the first day I landed up to this moment, and it is my sincere and certain impression that there is a strong feeling of personal friendship arising between us. May it extend to the benefit of our two great nations. I propose three cheers for Mr. Roosevelt.' (National anthem played.)"

The president arose directly to answer, saying:

"I wish to express my hearty thanks for the kind words your royal highness has expressed on my behalf, and I wish you to understand that it is no empty compliment, that your royal highness has already won a genuine place in our affections and good will. I highly appreciate that his majesty, the German Emperor, has sent you to the American people, and I thank you personally and, what is of course, of much higher importance, that you have taken a step which naturally must lead closer to the friendship between the two great nations whose friendship means so much for the future welfare of the entire world. To express finally a personal wish of my own is to say that I have looked forward with great pleasure to the day on which I shall be your guest in your quarters as adjutant on board of one of your battleships." (Cheers for the prince.)

The prince expressed his thanks to Miss Roosevelt, in the first place for the truly graceful way in which she performed the ceremony of christening the yacht. "We sailors are said to be superstitious," continued the prince, and turning to Admiral Evans he said: "I believe Evans, we are not, but how ever it may be, there will be a happy future to this craft from the fact alone that turning to the builder of the yacht she was built by hands of skill and was at her first appearance on the water linked with the name of a lady. We sailors are used to speak of a ship as 'her' and we keep and treat our ships like our wives. I drink to the health of Miss Alice Roosevelt."

The luncheon was finished about 3 o'clock. At 3:10 President and Mrs. Roosevelt were driven to their special train, leaving Jersey City for Washington at 3:30 p. m.

Soon after the president left the ship, Miss Roosevelt walked down the gangway with Levi P. Morton and went to the Metropolitan hotel.

Prince Henry, with several of his officers, boarded the navy tug. At night and went to the battery, where he was to have to afterward receive the freedom of the city.

Later, in the day Prince Henry received the freedom of Greater New York tendered him by the municipal authorities. The ceremony took place at the city hall. It was an elaborate function but it did not last much more than half a hour.

Prince Henry and his suite reached the Hohenzollern at 5:30 o'clock. They had been tendered an ovation on the trip in the city hall to the yacht and had shown some what weary at looking at the handsomely decorated building. The American and the German colors were everywhere, though the decorations were not at their best, as rain was falling quite heavily.

The stay on the Hohenzollern lasted but a short time and then the prince, his suite and Admiral Evans drove to the Metropolitan club. Here they were the guests of the mayor. Those who attended the dinner other than the prince and his suite were the presidential delegates and several citizens. In all, 500 persons were present.

Prince Henry was present last evening at a gala performance given in his honor at the Metropolitan opera house. He was enthusiastically received by the large audience present and he bowed his acknowledgments repeatedly.

Quarrelled Over Children

Chicago, Feb. 26.—Mrs. William Lauchlin was fatally shot yesterday by Mrs. Anna Whitaker, her next-door neighbor. Mrs. Whitaker declares she was merely trying to frighten Mrs. Lauchlin. The affair was the climax of a feud between their children. Both women are prominent residents of Rogers park.

MY FELLOW PASSENGER

(Original)

I had met during my sojourn abroad, where I was attending lectures at a German university, Miss Mollie Arnold, a fellow countrywoman, and had become engaged to her. She was traveling with her aunt. She was now in London, where she had gone to meet her parents, who were coming from America. I was to join her there and receive their inspection.

Crossing the channel at Calais, I took the train at Dover for London. I had become an inveterate smoker among the Germans and was much pleased to find the compartment I entered entirely unoccupied, so I read and smoked till we stopped at a station not far from London, when a gentleman got in the compartment with me and at once began to sniff the air ominously and laid down the windows. Irritated at being thus disturbed, I smoked on.

"Fardon me," he said. "Is this a smoking carriage?"

Now, at the university I had learned all sorts of queer methods of hoodwinking and browbeating and otherwise getting the better of people. The German student is a reckless, good natured, thoughtless individual, who never stops at any daring method of attaining his ends. It occurred to me to frighten the man into leaving the carriage, so that I could smoke on undisturbed. Without hesitating I glared at him. Then, leaning back in the cushions, I began to mumble incoherently. The gentleman looked at me inquiringly for a few moments, then unfolded a paper and began to read. When his ticket was taken, he whispered something to the guard, who looked at me sharply, then said:

"Very well, sir, I'll put you in another compartment at the next station."

Much pleased with the success of my maneuver, I nodded on, expecting soon to be relieved entirely of one so narrow minded as to object to that smoke which I had come to consider as natural and an element for man to breathe as the air of heaven.

When we reached the next station, the guard appeared at the door, accompanied by two policemen, who got into the carriage and without a word of explanation proceeded to handcuff me.

"It's the man," said one; "talks to the guard in a disrespectful manner."

"When did he escape?" asked my fellow passenger.

"Last night, sir. The keepers have been looking for him every where."

I was taken from the carriage, leaving the compartment to the gentleman who did not smoke and whom I observed as I was led away settling himself to his paper with as much composure as if nothing had happened. I was taken to a third class carriage, where I could breathe not only smoke, but garlic and onions, to my heart's content.

When we arrived at London, I was landed in a baggage asylum, where I was discovered that an error had been made in mistaking me for an inmate who had escaped the night before. Nevertheless it was two days before I could convince the medical attendants that I was a sane man. Then I was discharged, went to my hotel, dressed and proceeded to call upon my fiancée and her family.

On the way I thought over a number of nice speeches to be made to Mrs. Arnold, by using in how agreeably surprised I was to find her so much younger looking than I expected, just the mother for such a daughter, and all that. Then I turned over in my mind the most appropriate greeting for her father. I found it more difficult to strike something clever and appropriate for the man, for men do not take so kindly as women to compliments, but I succeeded in inventing several speeches, all of which expressed surprise at something which was better than I had expected, intending to choose the most appropriate when I should see the subject for whom the remarks were intended.

I was first received by Mollie alone, impatient to hear the cause of my delay. Not caring to reveal the episode in which I had been so ingloriously worsted, I told her I had been delayed in my departure. Then her mother came in, and I was presented and looked over. Though the ordeal was a trying one, I delivered myself of my compliments with rare assurance and success. While in the midst of a flowery speech I heard a footstep in the hall and turned on the mental switch that would fire fine words at the father.

Great heaven! He was my fellow passenger!

The moment he saw me he recognized me. Confusing ideas were struggling in his brain. I was the lunatic, yet there I was, in immaculate evening dress, looking as sane as any one, an accepted suitor for his daughter's hand. I stood looking at him with a flaming face, wishing the floor would open and let me down out of sight.

My prospective father-in-law then and there won my heart. Without any reference to what had occurred between us he advanced and grasped my hand. "Mollie," he said, "has given me such flattering descriptions of you that I was sure no one could possibly come up to them. I am delighted to find that she has not exaggerated. I know the German student well, and I am sure I shall find you, like him, a good natured young fellow who would risk his neck to carry out some fantastic imposture. But now that you have finished at the university I dare say you will show more mature qualities."

Alas, my fine speech came from the mouth of the other man!

ASA BROWN DALJEET.

MISS STONE'S MESSAGE

Tells of Her Release by the Brigands

WAS WARMLY WELCOMED

By Bulgarian Friends in the City of Strumitza and Surrounding Villages— Turkish Government Appears to Be Interested in Her Case

Boston, Feb. 26.—The first message from Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missionary, to her family and friends, was received last night by her brother, Charles A. Stone of Chelsea. Prior to the receipt of the cablegram Mr. Stone received a dispatch from Salonika from Mr. Gargulio, first dragoman of the American legation, as follows:

"Liberated Saturday night, village Gradishar, near Strumitza, where village mayor led them 9 o'clock Sunday. Coming Salonika tonight with House. Then came the long looked for message from the absent daughter and sister. It was dated Feb. 25 and read as follows:

"I feel, thank God, and well after our captivity of nearly six months. Yesterday, Sabbath morning, Mrs. Tsilka and her 7 weeks' old daughter, Ethel, and I found ourselves left by our captors near a village an hour distant from Strumitza. For three hours we waited for dawn, then secured horses and came to this city."

"Kind-hearted Bulgarian friends rushed from their house as soon as they caught a glimpse of the strange appearing travellers, took us in their arms from our horses, with tears and smiles and words of welcome, and led us into their house. Word was quickly sent to the friends engaged in their morning service at church and they came, old and young, to greet us."

"What thanksgiving to God for this proof of his faithfulness to answer their prayers, for all-even the little children had never ceased to pray for us, their lost friends. Since that hour our waking time has been crowded with friends from the city and surrounding villages who have brought us their heartfelt congratulations for our deliverance."

"The Turkish government did not fail to question us as to our experiences. The governor of the city with his suite called this morning and again this afternoon, after the arrival of Dr. House and his son from Salonika, accompanied by Mr. Gargulio, the first dragoman of the American embassy at Constantinople."

"The last three have come to accompany us to Salonika tomorrow, where Mr. Tsilka awaits his long lost wife and their baby. They have brought me a bundle of letters from mother and my brothers and dearest friends. Thus, with unspeakable gratitude to God and to all friends who by prayers and gifts have helped to free us, we begin our life of freedom."

To Leave Strumitza Today

Constantinople, Feb. 26.—A. A. Gargulio, the first dragoman of the American legation here, yesterday telegraphed the following message from Strumitza: "Salonika, where Miss Stone and Mrs. Tsilka arrived Feb. 25, after their release by the brigands who had held them in captivity: 'Have seen Miss Stone. Will leave with the ladies for Salonika Feb. 26.'"

May Ask Colonial Contributions

London, Feb. 26.—During the course of the debate on the naval estimates in the house of commons yesterday, the secretary of the admiralty said that at the approaching colonial conference a decision would be taken to ascertain the views of the colonies on the question of contributions to the strength of the British navy. The government would not approach the colonies as a beggar, but in the belief that they desired to share as far as possible the burdens of the empire.

Taft on Filipino Characteristics

Washington, Feb. 26.—Governor Taft continued his statement before the house insular committee yesterday, dwelling on the good and bad characteristics of the Filipinos. He denied reports that they are cowardly. As to their treachery he said that this was due largely to the hostile native sentiment on one hand and the American sentiment of the other. On the whole he did not regard them as sufficiently advanced at present for self government.

Three Brothers Entombed Alive

Pottsville, Pa., Feb. 26.—George, John and Martin Stakumits, brothers, three miners, have been imprisoned in the Cameron colliery at Shamokin since Sunday. Up to 9:30 Monday night their rapping upon the side of the breast could be heard, but then it ceased. They have not yet been rescued.

NEWS IN BRIEF

John Queen, one of the best known of the old-time minstrels, died at St. Vincent's hospital, New York. Aside from being known as a minstrel, Queen was the author of many popular songs of the day.

The measles have caused a rather unusual prevalence throughout Massachusetts, the victims number between 400 and 500 every week.

The body of Billy Emerson, the old-time minstrel, who died in Boston, has been claimed by his widow, who has given directions that it be sent to her at San Francisco.

The \$100,000 Alcega, P. R., municipal bond has been awarded to J. M. Ceballos & Co. of New York. The bond, a Porto Rican municipal holding, now aggregates \$1,000,000.

WOMAN KILLED HERSELF BY SEVERING ARTERIES IN HER ARM

Weymouth, Mass., Feb. 26.—Medical Examiner Frazier, with two assistants,

performed an autopsy yesterday on the body of Mrs. E. C. Thorndike, who was found dead in an outhouse at North Weymouth, and it was decided that it was a case of suicide. Mrs. Thorndike was 50 years of age and had previously made threats to commit suicide.

In a nightdress covered with blood, and having a blanket wrapped around the lower part of her body, and with two deep cuts in her arm, severing the arteries, Mrs. Thorndike, who kept a small waiting room on the electric railway at North Weymouth was found in an outhouse, in a dying condition, early yesterday morning. Just as a doctor reached the place the woman died and fears of foul play were entertained.

Mrs. Thorndike lived in a room connected with the shop, which she hired from Henry Bicknell. Mrs. Thorndike was found by Mr. Bicknell at about 7 o'clock. An investigation showed that the woman had made up the bed in her room after she had received her injuries, as the coverings were stained and blood soaked, but they were in order and carefully smoothed.

The fact that Mrs. Thorndike dropped from a window was apparently substantiated by marks in the snow, and the prints of her bare feet could be seen, and other marks, as if she had fallen while making her way to the outhouse. The path was marked with blood spots and it is thought the woman fell from exhaustion, but was able to rise each time until she fell in the outhouse.

Commissioners Asked to Resign

Taunton, Mass., Feb. 26.—Considerable of a sensation was caused at city hall last night when Mayor Warner requested the resignation of the three members of the board of license commissioners. Mayor Warner informed them that if their resignations were not forthcoming charges would be preferred against them, preliminary to their removal from office. The commissioners declare that they are absolutely in the dark regarding what the charges will be and Mayor Warner declined to state the nature of the charges. The members of the board are Francis P. Conaty, Richard P. Coughlin and George B. Harvey.

Little Strike at Lynn

Lynn, Mass., Feb. 26.—The morose dressers strike that was settled about a month ago broke out again yesterday, when 20 dressers employed by Thomas A. Kelley & Co. quit work. The men claim that under the terms of settlement all the old hands were to be taken back, which has not been done. At conference yesterday Kelley informed the men that he would put the men to work when trade conditions warranted an increase of help. At a meeting of the dressers' union it was decided to accept the proposition made by the firm.

"Independents" Laid Off

Lynn, Mass., Feb. 26.—The Central Labor union is pushing the boycott against the Independent Carpenters' union. Titus and Poor, contracting carpenters, yesterday laid off 12 members of the Independent union that are engaged on their work and their places will be filled by members of the Carpenters' union. Three other firms yesterday notified their independent men that they must quit work or show cards from the Labor union.

Fire in Newspaper Office

Portland, Me., Feb. 26.—Fire in the three-story brick building occupied by The Evening Express and others, late last night, caused a loss estimated at \$10,000. The editorial and mechanical departments of The Express, with the exception of the press room, were ruined, but the occupants of the building escaped with trifling loss. How the fire started is not known.

Reduction of Working Hours

Boston, Feb. 26.—The announcement is made at the business offices of the Great Northern Paper company, here that a voluntary reduction in the daily schedule at its paper mills will be made from 12 hours to 8 hours for a day's work. The mills are at Millinocket and Madison, Me. This has been decided upon without even a request from the employees.

Second Victim of Smashup

Franklin, N. H., Feb. 26.—Miss Annie E. Sailer, one of the New Hampshire orphan's home nurses, struck by a milk train Sunday morning, died yesterday. Her death occurred half an hour before the funeral of Miss Marie Owens, who was instantly killed in the accident.

Fireman Mangled by Train

Wakefield, Mass., Feb. 26.—A freight train left the track here last night, there being three cars and an engine derailed. Clarence Boothbay, the fireman, fell under the cars. One leg was cut off and other injuries sustained, which will probably cause his death.

Tiding Over Italian Strike

Rome, Feb. 26.—Dispatches from all parts of Italy show that the railroad employees belonging to the mobile and territorial armies are joining the colors readily in accordance with the decree of the government, a step taken to prevent the threatened general strike.

A Denial From Hitchcock

Washington, Feb. 26.—W. S. Smith, secretary to Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, denies reports that Mr. Hitchcock contemplates retiring from the cabinet. The denial is by authority of Secretary Hitchcock.

Colonists Mocking to Boers

London, Feb. 26.—The Daily Mail, in a dispatch from Johannesburg, presents cables showing that 11,000 rebels joined the Boers from Cape Colony during the war.

PRINCE'S RECEPTION

Attesting to German People, While Bettishers Show Signs of Jealousy

crowds stared at the portraits of President Roosevelt and Prince Henry which hung side by side in front of a newspaper office on "Unter den Linden." Part of the time this crowd was so dense that the police had to clear a way for traffic. Emperor William, who, with the empress, drove by the newspaper office in the afternoon, noticed the portraits and saluted a small American flag above them. Upon perceiving this the assembled crowd applauded. The Germans are slowly working up to animation over the reception to Prince Henry in the United States and are glowing with good feeling toward America. Newspapers which never before received special cablegrams from the United States are now publishing such messages. All the correspondents in the United States for German newspapers agree upon the warmth of the reception to Prince Henry.

British Comment

London, Feb. 26.—A tinge of jealousy is observed in the comments of the morning papers on the success of Prince Henry's visit. The Daily Chronicle suggests that the remembrance of the attitude of Admiral von Dedeich in Manila may account for the languid curiosity of the general public in the United States. The Standard finds nothing remarkable in the proceedings, but thinks it "be found that Germany and the United States are really better friends for the visit of Prince Henry. The Morning Post is almost alone in displaying enthusiasm. This paper says: "It is not given to everyone to win popularity in America, but Prince Henry conquered at once."

In Congress

Washington, Feb. 26.—The most important development yesterday in connection with the Tillman-McLaurin episode of Saturday was the act of Senator Frye, in ordering the clerk of the senate to restore the names of the two South Carolina senators to the roll. If the present plan is carried out, this act will be followed by the adoption by the senate of a resolution practically endorsing the previous action of the president pro tempore in ordering their names erased and suspending the two senators for some definite time.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The house passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill yesterday. It was the fifth of the regular annual supply measures to be sent to the senate this session. No amendments of importance were adopted.

Mrs. Snow's Good Fortune

New Orleans, Feb. 26.—The Federal court of appeals today sustained Mrs. Annie E. Snow's claim to a 1-18th life interest in the wells in the Vetch survey, the richest portion of the Beaumont oil fields. Mrs. Snow keeps a small hotel in California and paid no attention to the waste lands until oil was discovered, when she set up her claim for the share she inherited. Some of the companies compromised with her. In addition to the compromise it is said Mrs. Snow will receive about \$500,000 a month. The decision was final.

Mrs. Jackson Was Obstinate

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 26.—A sign reading "Quarantined, keep out" has been placed conspicuously in front of the residence of Mrs. Stonewall Jackson in this city. Mrs. Jackson and her granddaughter are under the quarantine. Edwin B. Gresham, who lives in the house owned and occupied by Mrs. Jackson, has smallpox. Mrs. Jackson was told the nature of the disease, but she said that she and her granddaughter had been recently vaccinated and refused to leave her residence.

More Troops For Barcelona

Madrid, Feb. 26.—Reports have been received here of disturbances at Barcelona arising from the demands of the workmen for the release of prisoners, during which some persons were wounded in collisions with the military. Further troops have been drafted to Barcelona, ostensibly for fear of a Carlist movement. A general strike has been declared at Murcia.

To Fight Skeeter Pest

Trenton, Feb. 26.—The lower house of the general assembly passed a bill yesterday appropriating \$10,000 to enable Professor Smith of the State Scientific school to make experiments in the direction of ridding New Jersey of mosquitoes. Professor Smith is confident that he can reduce the mosquito evil very materially by drainage of marshy places.

Melancholy Ended by Suicide

New York, Feb. 26.—William Hoey, 50 years old, committed suicide by shooting at his home at New Rochelle. Hoey was a son of the late John Hoey, one of the founders of the Adams Express company. He had frequent attacks of melancholia, and it is supposed, suffered from one of these when he shot himself.

Will Be an Army Ceremony

Washington, Feb. 26.—It has been practically decided that the formal ceremonies incident to the taking over of the Danish West Indies by the United States shall be performed by the army. It is stated here that the islands will be placed, with Porto Rico, under the control of Governor Hunt.

St. Peter's

St. Peter's is in the form of a cross. It is 636 feet long by 450 feet wide. The dome is 448 feet high.

Snakes In England

Of the 1,500 different species of snakes which are now known to naturalists the great majority are not poisonous and of the four kinds of snakes or snakelike creatures which inhabit England only one is venomous.

LONG-BOUGHT BLONDIN

Captured In Police Headquarters at New York.

A WIDE-AWAKE ROUNDSMAN

Acted Promptly When Murder Suspect Applied For an Engineer's License—Admits His Identity, but Denies Killing His Wife

New York, Feb. 26.—Joseph Wilfred Blondin, who is charged with the murder of his wife by cutting off her head at Chelmsford, Mass., last June, was arrested here yesterday. He was identified by a detective from Boston while he was making an application for examination for an engineer's license. The prisoner admitted his identity, but professed to know nothing of the killing of his wife.

On Monday Blondin called at the bureau of boiler inspection at headquarters to apply for an engineer's license. He evidently did not notice his own picture posted on the wall, with the usual announcement of a reward for his apprehension. The similarity between the portrait and the face of the applicant caught the eye of a roundsman who slipped out and notified Captain Titus of the detective bureau. Captain Titus directed him to tell the man to call again on Tuesday morning and telegraphed to Boston for a detective who could identify the man. When Blondin returned yesterday morning he was instantly identified by the Boston detective, at a signal from whom four policemen threw themselves on him and secured him before he could offer any resistance.

In court the prisoner was remanded to await extradition papers. At headquarters he declared that he last saw his wife while he was seeing her off from the station at Boston. Hearing later of the discovery of her body he feared, he said, that he would be accused of the murder and fled to New York. He said that he had lived in Brooklyn, Mount Vernon and White Plains, and had made several trips as a coal passer on a North German Lloyd steamer. When arrested he said that he was endeavoring to obtain the position of engineer in a hotel in which he worked.

Boston, Feb. 26.—Attention was first called to the Blondin murder case on June 9, 1901, when the headless body of a woman was found in a woodlot in Chelmsford. Three days after the discovery of the body it was learned that the victim was Mrs. Joseph Blondin. She was last seen in a green street lodging house late in April. She went to the room of her husband, so the landlord said, and was not seen thereafter. Next day her husband said she had gone to Canada. He disappeared shortly after. There had been considerable trouble between Blondin and his wife, according to Mrs. Blondin's relatives, who say that he was very jealous of her, besides treating her cruelly.

The case was in the hands of the state police and Chief Wade and his men have been at work on it ever since last June. Two of the state police spent several weeks in Canada last summer, when it was believed that traces of the missing man had been found. Suspects have been arrested in various parts of the country.

There will be no indictment against Blondin, simply a lower court complaint, so a requisition from Governor Crane will be necessary before the prisoner can be brought to Massachusetts. State Officer Proctor of Chief Wade's staff was in consultation with Chief Watts yesterday and was informed of all the facts in Watts' possession. Proctor went to Lowell to obtain an exemplified copy of the warrant. It is understood that the state police will take charge of the case. It probably will be some time before Blondin is actually back in Boston, as extradition papers must first be issued before he can be taken from New York state.

Lowell, Mass., Feb. 26.—Joseph W. Blondin, arrested in New York, will be brought to Lowell. William H. Proctor of the state police called at the police court yesterday and obtained an affidavit to the effect that a warrant for Blondin's arrest was sworn out on June 17, 1901, charging him with murder. This is a necessary step in the process of bringing back the prisoner. Detective Proctor went to New York last night to get Blondin.

Pertaining to Women

Washington, Feb. 26.—The National Legislative league yesterday adopted resolutions urging legislation to secure to all native born persons, "without regard to sex," protection in American citizenship, protesting against the elimination of the citizenship of a woman who marries a foreigner, and advocating the trial of women accused of crime by juries composed wholly or in part of their own sex.

Four Men Burned to Death

THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)
ESTABLISHED SEP. 27, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted.
Terms \$1.00 per year, when paid in advance, 10 cents a month, 2 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.
Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

Communications should be addressed
HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Telephone 21-3.
F. W. HARTFORD,
B. M. TILTON
Editors and Proprietors.

(Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H. Post Office as second class mail matter.)

For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests

You want local news? Read the Herald.
More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 26, 1902.

The outlook for Cuba grows sweeter.

The next thing to do is to capture the brigands.

The fashion in hats and canals will be the same next summer.

Spain appears to be nearing the last act of a great historic tragedy.

The prince seems to be as good as a fellow ashore as he is a good sailor aloft.

As to the welcome to Prince Henry; better be over hospitable than not hospitable enough.

Lord Roseberry does not agree with Lord Dundreary that "no bird is fool enough to go off and flock by himself."

Spanish politicians are having a great deal of difficulty in answering the empty dinner pail arguments presented by the mob.

Whatever the senate may do, it will be proper for the state of South Carolina to invite Tiltman to a private interview in the woods.

The French seem to have no sympathy with harmless and exhilarating outdoor sport. A league has been formed in Paris to abolish dueling.

St. Louis' silver and gold casket ought to secure her leading citizens a few sleeve buttons and cigarette cases when the prince makes his distribution of gifts for good Americans.

Slowly but surely the conviction is being borne in upon us that the Washington monument, the Eiffel tower and the pyramids of Egypt are the only "fireproof" buildings that are fireproof.

The news from California that Santa Catalina Island is slowly sinking into the sea does not arouse half the interest it would have done in the days before Uncle Sam adopted as his rule in the international game: "When in doubt, take an island."

It is not true that the democrats never learn and never forget anything. They have forgotten the old proverb about a burned child dreading the fire. They are beginning to talk again about tariff tinkering as a national issue. And 1893 only nine years back!

Minister Wu should not take himself too much to heart. He has adapted himself to American customs very nicely. He has learned to dance the two-step and make after-dinner speeches, and has concealed the natural contempt which a Mongolian must feel for the people who put milk in their tea. But he went too far when he shook his fist at Mr. Phelan. The Chinese exclusion question has been one of long standing and intense popular significance. Mr. Wu cannot hope to settle it by making it a personal matter.

There is a happy dissipation of the cloud that threatened the athletic relations between Yale and Harvard in the agreement that has just been formulated. A serious estrangement between these veteran allies and rivals in college sports would have had a dispiriting effect upon the entire field of intercollegiate athletics. To be sure, the agreement is only temporary; but it contains reasonable assurance of future harmony in its provisions for the settlement of disputes by arbitration directly between representatives of the two universities, and for a conference to reach definite agreement upon these points: the term of agreement itself, method of arbitration; rules of eligibility, and regular channels of communication. It is to be urged that the system of arbitration to be created between these two universities should be extended to all others with whom they have athletic relations. The scheme should be made general, and its success in New England should lead to an intercollegiate board of arbitration whose decision should be final in all matters of sport.

The actual release of the American missionary, Miss Stone and her companion by the brigands of Macedonia, so often reported to be only denied, appears now to be an accomplished fact. The tale of their capture and of the negotiations for their release that have been carried on since last September is one of curious interest, that seems like an anachronism in this century. As soon as they are fully restored to safety, there may be expected some revelations as to

matters that have hitherto, out of regard for the lives of these two women been held secret. But already the charge is freely made by Mr. Eddy, first secretary of the United States legation at Constantinople, that the ransom paid for their release goes to the Macedonian revolutionary committee. If that can be established beyond question, it will mean the withdrawal of American sympathy from that movement. What is of more immediate consequence is the fixing of governmental responsibility for this outrage. The United States has an opportunity to demonstrate to the world that it has the power as well as the disposition to protect its peaceful and law-abiding citizens, wherever they may be. Reparation should be demanded and exacted from the sovereignty that is responsible for the security of life and the protection of personal liberty within its domain.

TOWN CELEBRATES.

Greenland Proud of Rev. Dr. E. E. Robie.

The citizens of Greenland turned out in full force on Tuesday to pay homage to Rev. Dr. Edward E. Robie, the oldest settled minister in the state who just fifty years ago became pastor of the Congregational church in that town.

The morning was devoted to a reunion of parishioners and welcoming of guests at the town hall, where at noon a banquet was served, plates being laid for 250 persons.

A pleasant feature of the morning exercises was the presentation by Rev. Dr. William Patten of Kingston to Dr. Robie of a walking cane made of olive wood from Mt. Olivet, which was presented to the former during the civil war by Col. Mark F. Wentworth of the 254 Maine volunteers.

The afternoon exercises were held in the Congregational church and were presided over by Rev. Thomas V. Haines, pastor emeritus of the Northampton church.

In his opening remarks he said that Dr. Robie's pastorate was a wonderfully successful one, and that he found pleasure in it as each year went by, and it was remarkable he had not listened to the temptation that might have called him to a large pastorate. He congratulated the church on having such an earnest and efficient pastor and the citizens on having a man so interested in the advancement and welfare of Greenland.

Deacon John P. Weeks gave an interesting review of the parish from its settlement in 1799, and stated that it was a noteworthy fact that the church in that time had had only seven pastors, and the pastorate of the first two, Revs. William H. Allen and Samuel McClintock, and the present pastor, extended over a period of one hundred and fifty-one years.

Then John S. Pringle spoke for the town of Greenland, his subject being, "His Noble Citizenship and His True Neighbourliness."

Rev. L. B. Thayer of Portsmouth congratulated the citizens of Greenland on having the pastors of the New Hampshire bar and the New Hampshire pulpits. Other remarks were made by Rev. George Lewis of South Berwick, Rev. John A. Ross of Hampton, Rev. David H. Evans of North Hampton and Rev. Wilbert L. Anderson of Exeter.

Resolutions appropriate to the occasion were read by Rev. Dr. George E. Hall of Dover.

The exercises closed by a response and benediction by Rev. Dr. Robie.

VISIT WASHINGTON.

Congress in Session.

Royal Blue Line Personally Conducted Tours leave New York March 1, 15 and 29, April 12 and 26, May 19, \$18 covers all expenses, including five days in the national capital and visit to Philadelphia. Also tours to Old Point Comfort, Richmond, etc. For itineraries and detailed information apply to Jos. P. Taggart, N. B. P. A., 211 Washington Street, Boston.

The P. A. C. minstrels March 3rd and 4th at Music hall, will undoubtedly tax the capacity of that house.

FAT NERVES.

A whirl of excitement was recently caused in the scientific world by the news that the mystery of nerve action has been solved.

It is announced that healthy nerves are fat nerves—and that it is the fat in the core of the nerve which is sensitive and by hardening and softening creates nerve action.

Maybe this explains why Scott's Emulsion has always been such a remarkable remedy for nervousness.

Scott's Emulsion feeds thin nerves with the best of all fats, the pure cod-liver oil and strengthens them with the best of nerve tonics, the hypophosphites.

For all forms of nervousness and neuralgia take Scott's Emulsion.

Send for Free Sample,
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 499 Pearl St., N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk.
Beware of the dealer who tries to sell
"any thing just as good."



DAVID HARUM.

The presentation of David Harum which Charles Frohman is to make at Music hall on Thursday evening with that well known and sterling comedian, William H. Crane, in the role of the horse trading old banker, should prove highly diverting. It would seem as if every one had read Westcott's book and it would also seem as if everyone who had done so and the few who had not, will want to see the play dramatized from it. Mr. Crane's success in the play has



William H. Crane as David Harum.

reached such an extraordinary pitch, and judging from the things said of the work there is no reason why results should be otherwise. The play is clean, it is wholesome, its atmosphere is redolent of the country and its humor is of the healthy kind. David Harum proves to be an entertainer that everybody with any sense of humor and kindness ought to see, for he will laugh and he will cry just a bit, but because of any sorrow, but because the touch of human nature in it is so potent and sympathetic that it is irresistible. The scene of third act on Christmas morning, when the Widow Cullum is first made to believe that the two mort-

to learn that William A. Brady's handsome and immense scenic production "Lovers' Lane," depicting life in a small New England town is a pleasant change from the usual run of immoral and sensational plays, pure and wholesome in every respect. The company carries all the scenery used in the piece and has over thirty people in the cast.

HER LADYSHIP HERE.

Miss Coghlan to Appear at Music Hall Wednesday Evening.

In a season of brilliant theatrical attractions such as have characterized the Portsmouth bookings this year, there has been no offering at Music hall which gave fuller promise of a dramatic treat than the engagement for next Wednesday evening of Miss Gertrude Coghlan. Miss Coghlan in a comparatively short space of time, has elevated herself to so conspicuous a place among the stars of the dramatic firmament that there is no room left for doubt that she is destined to a lasting fame in the profession of her choice. Following the positive triumph which she won in her portrayal of Becky Sharp, she has selected for her second venture, her father's



Gertrude Coghlan.

last work, Her Ladyship, in which she is said to be seen at an even greater advantage than as Thackeray's perplexing character. Business Managers Daniels of Miss Coghlan's company, who was in town yesterday, completing arrangements with Manager Hartford, is enthusiastic, not only over Miss Coghlan's personal success in Her Ladyship, but in the warm tributes paid the company and production. The company was selected especially for this presentation at the work and an even excellence characterizes the production which is only achieved through the most intelligent and discriminating managerial effort. Portsmouth has undoubtedly



Gertrude Coghlan.

gates will prove too much for her property, and in which David Harum tells her how her late husband, Billy P. Cullum, had taken him to the circus as a boy, and had given him ten cents with which to begin life, leading up to the statement that the ten cents had borne interest all these years, and that the mortgages were cancelled, in one of those oddly sympathetic contributions of human tenderness and stage art that make one forget the unreality of the surroundings and raise one to bestow the tribute of unexpecting, but unbidden tears.

Isaac B. Rich the Boston theatrical manager, was 75 years old Saturday.

Mr. Henry Irving will make an elaborate revival of Faust next season.

Billy Emerson, the once famous minstrel, died in Boston Saturday night at the age of 56.

George A. Schiller and William Cameron are to be featured in a production by George W. Lederer next season.

The Dog Knows

That there is something wrong with his master. They have no more romps and rambles. He tries in vain to coax the listless youth from his chair.

When the lungs are diseased, physical weakness soon begins to show itself and the active outdoor life is given up. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the lungs and other organs of respiration. It cures obstinate, deep-seated coughs, bleeding lungs, emaciation and other conditions which if neglected or unsuitably treated may find a fatal termination in consumption.

"After using about five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery my body seems to be all right," writes Mr. J. W. Price, of Oak, Monroe Co., Ohio. "He was very bad when I commenced to give him the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' The doctors claimed he had consumption and they doctored with them until he was past saving. It has been ten months since he stopped taking your medicine and he is in good health. We are very thankful to you for saving our son."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood, and lungs. Substitution means a little more profit for the dealer but a loss for you.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

apparently names its plays as it goes along. The Curse of Beauty is given at Nashua tonight as The Parisian Princess and The Berkshire Hills is shifted to Way Down East.—Concord Monitor.

STATE NEWS.

Good white birch wood brings \$3.50 a cord in Milford.

E. C. Tenney of Wentworth has 12 hens that laid 227 eggs in January.

A milk was recently seen on a window in S. E. Merrill's house in Blair. Married, in Plymouth, Feb. 18, Frank A. Downing and Metta M. Moses.

The Odd Fellows of Wilton made \$75 by their recent entertainment course.

The annual report of Antrim shows the town debt to be \$912 less than a year ago.

Over 12,000 tons of freight were shipped from Hancock depot during January.

Married, in Quincy, Nathan G. Coffin of Hampton and Miss Myrtle E. Wallace of Quincy.

From 15,000 to 20,000 scythes and scythes are turned out daily by the Pike Manufacturing company.

Walter Foster of South Wentworth has his foot badly crushed in some machinery recently.

Orin Fiske of Temple nearly lost the sight of one eye recently by a wood chip flying into it.

Charles H. Chandler of New Boston died suddenly while driving with a friend on a load of wood.

Katherine E. Mills and wife of Milford celebrated the 57th anniversary of their marriage Feb. 13.

The Milford Improvement society have a net balance of \$67 from their recent course of entertainments.

In the small town of Swiftwater one day recently 67 loaded teams were counted passing on Main street.

Horace Smith of North Monroe, aged 89, recently sawed in two a cord of four-foot wood in four hours.

A tower will be built soon at Holderness school to receive the big bell which was recently given the school.

Reuben Harris of Orfordville was recently hooked in the eye by the horn of a heifer and may lose the sight.

C. K. Atwood's bobbin shop at Lisbon is nearly ready for occupancy. About seventy-five men will be provided with work.

Mr. Fields of Amherst, while working in the woods recently, fell and struck his head so as to render him unconscious for some time. He was discovered by a neighbor who carried him home.

While breaking out roads recently in South Wentworth one of William Stinson's horses had one foot nearly cut in two.

Alphonse Leclerc of Littleton, while passing along the street, was hit in the head by a huge icicle and temporarily stunned.

Hon. D. C. Remick has presented electric light fixtures to the Odd Fellows' hall at Littleton, and has had the lodge furniture reupholstered.

A fine sepia finished portrait of the Rev. T. D. Howard, who recently closed a continuous pastorate with the Charlestown Unitarian church of 21 years, has just been hung in the church parlors by members of the Y. P. R. U. connected with the church.

R. H. Tobyn of West Thornton drove his team of horses with a load of 3,100 pounds of hay over the covered bridge at Mad River, Jan. 23d and not until on the further bank did he discover that the bridge was almost hanging in mid-air, both pieces being carried away in the recent freshet.

For Over Sixty Years

Miss Wrenshaw's Pains Expeller has been used for children teething, rheumatism, colds, croup, all sorts of colic, cramps, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, twenty-five cents a bottle.

This elegant is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. It is ready that cures a cold in one day.

SOUTH ELIOT, ME.

South Eliot, Me., Feb. 25.
Mary L. Spinney of Jamaica Plain, Mass., passed Washington's birthday with her parents, Samuel L. Spinney and wife.
Mrs. Willis Schurman and little son of Portsmouth are passing several days with her sister, Mrs. Everett Paul.
Lester Staples of Newburyport, Mass., who has been the guest of relatives in town for several days, has returned home.
Miss May Pickering of Newington passed Sunday in town with her sister, Mrs. Lyman Staples.
Mrs. Charles H. Cole, who has been engaged in caulking a scow at Dover Point for several days, has completed the work, and returned home.
Mrs. Herbert Nelson of Portsmouth passed today in town.
Mrs. George W. Shapleigh of Portsmouth was visiting relatives in town on Saturday.
Mrs. Elizabeth Adams of Portsmouth is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Irving Davis, in town.
Arthur Davis, who is employed as a clerk in Maddock's grocery store in Portsmouth, is suffering from a severe cold and is now at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Davis.
Many from here are in Portsmouth tonight witnessing Way Down East, at Music hall.

Justin Brooks is hauling lumber for a large double tenement house which is to be erected on the lot where Brooks' hall stood before it was destroyed by fire.

John Hillhouse shot two rabbits on Washington's birthday, in Langley's woods. John is a great rabbit hunter.

The friends of Irving Davis are much pleased to learn that he is improving from the injury which he sustained to his hand recently, while at his work in the Portsmouth Grain & Grocery company's store in Portsmouth.

BOILING ROCK.

Allen's Lung Balsam will positively cure deep-seated COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP.

A 25c. Bottle for a Simple Cold.
A 50c. Bottle for a Heavy Cold.
A \$1.00 Bottle for a Deep-seated Cough.
Sold by all Druggists.

Allen's Lung Balsam will positively cure deep-seated COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP.

Allen's Lung Balsam will positively cure deep-seated COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP.

Allen's Lung Balsam will positively cure deep-seated COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP.

OLIVER W. HAM,
(Successor to Samuel S. Fletcher)
60 Market Street.
Furniture Dealer

AND
Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hancock street, or at residence, cor. New Vaughan street and Kaynes avenue

Telephone 59-2.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Sufferer's Friend, Weakness, or Grip, 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Solely Remedial Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 316

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

United States Revenue returns show
Constantly Increasing Output
of the

7-20-4
10c CIGAR

factory, which tells the story of the superior quality of this cigar.

The Havana tobacco now being used in its make up is the finest grown in Cuba.

ALL DEALERS.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.,
Manchester, N. H.

These tiny Capules are superior to Balsam of Capiba, Cubeb or injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

FOR SALE BY:
JOHN H. BROUGHTON

These tiny Capules are superior to Balsam of Capiba, Cubeb or injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

FOR SALE BY:
JOHN H. BROUGHTON

These tiny Capules are superior to Balsam of Capiba, Cubeb or injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

FOR SALE BY:
JOHN H. BROUGHTON

PORTSMOUTH'S
SECRET AND SOCIAL
SOCIETIES.
WHEN AND WHERE THEY
MEET.
A Guide for Visitors and
Members.

OAK CASTLE, No. 4, K. G. A.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St. Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Willis B. Mathes, P. C.; Robert M. Herrick, N. C.; Allison L. Plimney, V. C.; Charles C. Charlsen, H. P.; Fred Helser, V. H.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; Charles W. Hanscom, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, No. 2, O. O. U. A.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each Month.

Officers—William P. Gardner, C.; Charles B. Allen, V. C. Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank S. Langley, F. S.; J. W. Marden, T.; Charles W. Hanscom, Ind.; Malcomb D. Stuart, Ex.; William C. Berry, I. P.; William Emery, O. P.; Harry Hersum, Trustee.

Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.

Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
Portsmouth, N. H.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.

DENTAL ROOMS, 15 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.

84 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.
OFFICE HOURS: 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

The Famous
HOTEL WHITTIER,
Open the Entire Year.

FAVORITE STOPPING PLACE FOR
PORTSMOUTH PEOPLE.

If you are on a pleasure drive you cannot fail to enjoy a meal at Whittier's.

OTIS WHITTIER, Proprietor

CUTLER'S
SEA VIEW,
HAMPTON BEACH.

Where you get the famous
FISH DINNERS.

Most beautifully situated hotel on the coast. Parties catered to.

JOHN CUTLER, Proprietor

STANDARD BRAND.
Newark cement

100 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other Public Works.

And has received the commendation of every leading Architect and Engineer generally. Persons wanting cement should not be misled. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY:
JOHN H. BROUGHTON

These tiny Capules are superior to Balsam of Capiba, Cubeb or injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

FOR SALE BY:
JOHN H. BROUGHTON

These tiny Capules are superior to Balsam of Capiba, Cubeb or injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

FOR SALE BY:
JOHN H. BROUGHTON

GIANT OCEAN LINER.

Description of the Kroonland,
Launched at Philadelphia.

LARGEST AMERICAN BUILT VESSEL

New Steamship, 580 Feet Long, With a Register of 12,000 Tons and a Speed of Seventeen Knots an Hour, Will Fly Between New York and Antwerp.

The new steamship Kroonland was launched at Cramps' shipyard the other afternoon in Philadelphia, says the New York Times. The tallow on the ways had frozen, and the Kroonland stuck to such an extent that it was necessary to use powerful hydraulic jacks in order to slide her into the water. The launching of the Kroonland was an informal character. Only a few invitations, and these verbal, were issued.

The Kroonland is of the same type as the Vaderland and Zeeland and is a sister ship to the Finland, in course of construction at Cramps'. Her contract speed is seventeen knots an hour. She is 580 feet long, which is twenty-six feet longer than the St. Louis or St. Paul, and has a register of 12,000 tons, or 400 tons more than the St. Louis or St. Paul. She possesses every device for the safety and comfort of passengers and carries the latest improved appliances for the protection of life. Except in the one point of speed the Kroonland is the equal of the finest steamship afloat and will enable persons of moderate means to enjoy all the luxuries of the fastest ocean greyhound.

Passengers are to be carried on three decks—the promenade, the upper and the saloon deck. Among the numerous distinct advantages offered is the location in the midship of all first and second cabin saloons and staterooms, a point where motion is at a minimum. For lighting and ventilation, in addition to the numerous sidelights, there is an unusually large trunk well extending through two tiers of decks, tastefully decorated and lighted through a richly ornamented glass roof.

All the rooms are unusually large, excellently lighted and ventilated by the same process as on the St. Louis and the St. Paul. In cold weather this air is heated by passing over steam pipes, and the heat thus supplied may be regulated for each deck independently. The interior rooms, which in many vessels are sometimes so dark as to require artificial light, are in these lighted from overhead by oval glasses sufficiently large to give ample light. For extra illumination electric lights are provided. All of these rooms are finished in mahogany.

Everything possible has been done to make the music room and library attractive. The smoking room for first class passengers is paneled in American oak and has all the latest appointments and conveniences. The description of the first cabin staterooms will very nearly serve for the second cabin, the fittings being almost identical. The stateroom quarters are commodious and well ventilated.

There are berths for 343 first class passengers, 194 second class and about 1,000 third class. The arrangements for loading and discharging cargo are very complete. The vessel is the largest built thus far in the United States, she was designed especially for the New York-Antwerp service of the International Navigation company.

KAISER WILHELM COCKTAIL

New Orleans Barkeeper Invents a New Kind of Drink.

It is an old optimistic saying that no evil grows but a new form of outwitting good is born at the same time. A Broadway (New York) bartender invented a new punch, which he called the Kaiser Wilhelm cocktail, and on the margin of a newspaper giving the ingredients and proportions his imperial majesty Kaiser Wilhelm wrote in German:

"What a headache in the morning!" And now comes August Graf, a barkeeper of New Orleans, with a new cocktail, the Kaiser Wilhelm, made of wetschenwasser, kummel, bitters and white sirup, designed for morning use internally as a substitute for romo seltzer and such like remedial substitutes for temperate refreshment, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat. It is a Bavarian and knows, as the Germans all know, that the Kaiser regards Zwetschen wasser and kummel, in proper proportions, as a good morning drink and has used this imperial formula as the basis of a new cocktail and has given the drink the name of the distinguished advocate of zwetschenwasser and kummel. Incidentally Graf has introduced here a drink he calls Bavarians and of great advantage in the morning, after a night spent so as to leave brain, nerves and muscles generally unfit for normal duty, a glass of white wine, with a float of bernetine, and has given this drink the title of Bavarian Boer.

A Degree of Master of Commerce. The London university is considering a suggestion that it should grant "degrees of commerce," and at its next meeting the senate will appoint a committee to consider the matter. It is proposed, according to the London Mail, that the curriculum shall comprise only such subjects as are essential in business life, such as commercial geography, mercantile law, modern languages (including Spanish and Chinese), book-keeping, statistics, geology, meteorology, mining and finance. The idea is warmly welcomed by the London chamber of commerce.

SPANISH WAR DISPUTE.

Wayne MacVough's Interesting Contribution—No Coalition of Powers. Wayne MacVough writes to the Washington Post an interesting letter on the historical controversy over the opening of the Spanish war, which is now attracting so much attention. In it he says:

Looking back to the situation as it then presented itself to the diplomats resident here, it is easy to see why they made their fruitless appeals. Our demands upon Spain March 27, 1898, were:

- (a) Armistice until the end of October, negotiations meantime looking to peace.
- (b) Immediate revocation of reconcentration order and relief for those in the camps.
- (c) If possible, if terms of peace are not satisfactorily settled by Oct. 1, the president of the United States to be final arbiter between Spain and insurgents.
- (d) Spain's concessions to us, April 10, were:

- (a) Armistice proclaimed, and in fixing the term of it the general in chief is disposed to concede all possible facilities.
- (b) Decease of reconcentration reopened and aid of all kinds granted and permitted to be given to the reconcentrados.
- (c) The responsibility for the destruction of the Maine to be submitted to the decision of impartial and disinterested experts, Spain agreeing to be bound by their decision.
- (d) The same full and generous measure of self government to be accorded to Cuba as Canada enjoys.

In view of the situation thus created the representatives of the great powers dispatched a telegram which seems to me alike modest and unobjectionable and permeated with no spirit of hostility whatever to our country. This telegram of April 14, 1898, seems to me not only quite within the privilege of the foreign representatives in communicating with their governments, but I can readily appreciate now from their point of view it seemed to them to be their duty to communicate it, for I have never entertained the slightest doubt that every one of the great powers of Europe was at that time averse to our making war upon Spain to wrest Cuba from her. Perhaps Russia had no strong feeling upon the subject, as her traditional friendship for the United States and the absence of any special ground of sympathy with Spain would enable her to judge the situation more impartially than the other great powers could be expected to do, but I am equally sure that no one even of the other powers ever for one moment entertained the idea of intervention by war in behalf of Spain and that all the talk with which we have been regaled for the last three years about the imminent danger of an armed coalition hostile to us and which was prevented only by the action of the British government is without a shadow of foundation in fact.

STORY OF PRINCE HENRY.

How the Kaiser's Brother Took a Captain Down a Peg.

One evening in the middle eighties Prince Henry of Prussia, who is now visiting this country, just returned from a long voyage in the far east, found himself at a ball in the royal palace in Berlin. Instead of his usual uniform of commander he had donned the uniform of the First regiment of foot guards, in which he was then a lieutenant. A captain belonging to the same regiment soon accosted him and, noticing certain insignia on his arm, said to him gruffly, "Do you not know, sir, that it is against the regulations to wear foreign orders?"

"Yes, sir, but my grandmother conferred this, and"—

"There is also another regulation which says that foreign orders are not hereditary. You will report to your captain tomorrow."

"Yes, captain," humbly replied the prince, "but I said my grandmother conferred this; she did not give it."

"Ah! And what do you call it, young man?" inquired the officer, with a slight touch of curiosity.

"The Order of the Garter, captain."

"Never heard of it. Must be some fake decoration. I shall look into this matter myself. Who did you say your grandmother was?"

"I didn't say, captain, but she is called Queen Victoria."—New York Times.

ACT QUICKLY.

Delay Has Been Dangerous in Portsmouth.

Do the right thing at the right time. Act quickly in times of danger. Backache is kidney danger. Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly. Cure all distressing, dangerous kidney ills. Plenty of evidence to prove this: Mr. A. A. Shea, of No. 2 Langdon street, says: "I had kidney trouble occasionally for two years or more. Whenever I contracted a cold or did any lifting bad spells came on me. I did not have much backache. It was the kidney secretions that distressed and annoyed me. While in pretty bad shape I was induced by testimony appearing in the papers to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial, and I went to Philbrick's pharmacy in the Franklin block and procured a box. After I stopped them I felt no inconvenience from urinary difficulty. The lameness had gone with it. I consider this a good recommendation for Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's—and take no substitute.

DON'T TOBACCO SPT AND SMOKE Your Lifeaway!

You can be cured of any form of tobacco using easily, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor by taking **DO-TO-BACCO** ten pounds in ten days. Over **\$50,000** cures. All druggists. Cure guaranteed. Booklet sent on receipt of **RE-TOBACCO** 10c. **DO-TO-BACCO**, Chicago or New York.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR ALL

BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS,

Sick Headache, Constipation,

Wind and Pains in Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver and Female Ailments.

The Sale now exceeds SIX MILLION Boxes per Annum.

Prepared only by the Proprietor, THOMAS BEECHAM, St. Helens, England.

Sold Everywhere, in Boxes, 10c. and 25c.

U. S. A. Depot, 365 Canal Street, New York.

THE SPORTING WORLD

Polo Invasion of England.

Great interest is centered in the approaching meeting of American and English polo players. A team composed of our leading experts will appear in the celebrations incident to the coronation of Edward VII., and the pick of the British Isles will be pitted against them.

The international tourney is to take place at Hurlingham, the world's most famous polo field, and from present in-



FOXHALL KEENE.

dications the first game will be started during the last week in June. The coronation is set for June 23.

Members of the Lakewood (N. J.) team, winners last season of the championship of America, are to compose the aggregation which is to go abroad. Foxhall Keene, the best all around poloist in this country, will be captain, and under his able direction the best results are hoped for. Keene has had considerable experience in transatlantic playing, having competed at Hurlingham and elsewhere several times.

The tournament is for the possession of the Westchester Country club challenge cup, now held in England. This cup was offered fifteen years ago by the Newport (R. I.) organization to the winners of a series of matches between England and America. The Hurlingham club defeated our men and carried away the trophy, valued at \$1,500. Keene is of course very anxious to bring home the cup.

Polo players from India are generally conceded to be the finest in the world, as the Indians take to the game as naturally as a duck takes to water. They have an additional advantage of being the best mounted riders seen anywhere.

American Oarsmen Abroad.

It has been learned in Philadelphia from reliable sources that at the next meeting of the Hudson river regatta stewards a motion would be placed before them advocating sending the winners of this year's contest to the great international race to be held in Ireland for Lord O'Brien's magnificent trophy. Two of Pennsylvania's most prominent alumni favor this idea, and if Thomas Reath, the head of Pennsylvania's rowing committee, will not lay the motion before the meeting it will be done through another channel.

So far as Pennsylvania is concerned, she will not send an undergraduate crew abroad this season unless Cornell also will do the same. Both these colleges are too anxious to put forth their very strongest crews at Poughkeepsie to think of sending an eight over the water. But if the Hudson river regatta stewards should decide to send the winners of the regatta to the Irish race every crew in the regatta would have a double incentive to win out.

The idea is very feasible, as it would be a simple matter to raise the money for such a trip from the students and alumni of the colleges which take part in the regatta. The financial end of the trip would cause no trouble, and all that would be necessary to carry out the plan would be to shift the date of the regatta forward a week or ten days.

The Gossils Like Dogs.

Edwin Gould has just purchased a

champion prize winning buldog and proposes to exhibit him at all the bench shows. The animal is a thoroughbred and has won many prizes both in this country and abroad. Frank J. Gould has presented his sister, Miss Helen Miller Gould, with one of his twenty-five hundred dollar champion St. Bernard pups. Another Gould dog was given to Miss Wheeler, daughter of General Joe Wheeler.

Crescens' Get In Kentucky.

Two colts by the champion trotter, Crescens, will be trained in the blue grass this year. One of them is wintering at Walnut Hill stock farm and is owned by R. H. Plant of Macon, Ga. The other colt is at the Lexington track and in a trial last fall trotted a quarter in better than thirty-six seconds. He is to W. H. Freeman's stable.

Borah's Rivals.

Borah divides honors for the record for four-year-old trotting geldings with John Nolan at 2:08 and for five-year-old geldings with Lord Derby at 2:07.

Tenney as a Coach.

Fred Tenney, the crack Boston player, has been selected as coach for the Tufts college baseball team next season.

CHURCHMEN.

Dr. Temple, the archbishop of Canterbury, declares that it is not a bad thing for boys to fight occasionally, provided there is no feeling of malice.

Rev. Dr. S. H. Ford, editor of The Christian Repository and Home Circle, is eighty-four years old and has been sixty-four years in the Baptist ministry. He is the oldest active minister in the denomination.

Brother Paschal, who died recently, was the oldest inmate of the Franciscan monastery of St. Bonaventure at Paterson, N. J. He was eighty-four years old. During the twenty-seven years that Brother Paschal had spent in the monastery he was known to speak but three times.

Bishop William B. Derrick of New York, who is over the 300 African Methodist churches in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and the New England states, will deliver the sermon at the three hundred and fifty-third anniversary of the Huguenot church in Canterbury, England, in July.

Vinegar as a Solvent For Glue.

For all the fish glue vinegar is a good solvent. When gluing a piece of woodwork, if any particles of glue get on places where it is not desired wet a bit of cloth with vinegar and rub it off. If the glue in the bottle becomes too thick, thin it with vinegar rather than water.

Swiss Salt Mines.

Switzerland has at Bex salt mines which have been worked for 348 years. The galleries are twenty-five miles in length and the profit \$75,000 a year.

Taking Off Old Wall Paper.

To take off wall paper previous to painting or papering wet the old paper thoroughly with a long handled brush dipped in warm water. Let it rest until the water has penetrated it and the paper blisters and loosens, when you can peel it off with your hands. Do not wet too much at a time.

New York's City Hall.

New York city hall is only thirty-six feet above the sea level.

Chinese Medicines.

Some Chinese medicine consisting of monkeys' toes boiled down and hardened by being buried under ground for a number of years figured in a police court case at Shanghai recently.

Lighter Than Cork.

There is one wood much lighter than cork. This is the marsh anona, found in Brazil.

An Old English Custom.

At a beautiful Wensleydale village the old custom of the blowing of a horn each night in winter is still carried out. Its purpose was to guide belated travelers in the forest, just as the foghorn guides the mariner who is nearing the coast.

Evidently an Old Timer.

Maggie—He has de crust to tell her dat he never loved before.

Katie—Wot an idea! And every time dey pass a candy store he calls her attention ter something across de street! —Puck.

OATS AND CLOVER.

A Plan of Growing Oats as a Main Crop After Corn.

In growing oats and clover much depends upon the soil conditions, the season and the quality of seed sown, especially of oats, remarks an Ohio Farmer writer in offering the following opinions on these crops.

We hear much said in season concerning the fertilization of the wheat crop, but little, if anything, of the oat crop, which, after growing it for a succession of years, we have learned to consider of greater importance in farm crops and feeding than wheat. By tables computed from actual chemical analysis it appears that oats draw from the soil considerably more plant food than wheat, and at the same time these elements must be more closely available for the reason that the oats crop grows in a much shorter season and the weight of its demand for these foods is drawn upon a few days previous to the ripening of the grain. At this season it is usually very dry, hence causing the young clover to suffer greatly for want of available plant food, and if drought continues for a few days it is almost sure to succumb under the hot rays of the sun. In our territory the main crop of oats is grown after corn, chiefly because the crop can be sowed from ten to thirty days earlier than when the ground is to be broken. Many follow the plan of disking the surface, and although laborious upon the team it is quite effective. We have always followed the plan of shallow plowing with the corn cultivator, which will do especially good work in clay or heavy soil, afterward fitting with a thorough harrowing.

The main point in following oats upon corn stubble is to guard against weeds, which is easily done by thorough cultivation before sowing and by sowing the seed with an evenness of depth in order that they may come on rapidly, with a good strong growth. If the ground be broken in spring, one can hardly do enough rolling and packing in order to preserve moisture and firm the soil so that the crop may not lodge.

Lodging of oats is almost sure to follow the filling of heads where the soil is left loose and porous, without the proper reserve of moisture to dissolve the required plant food so as to stimulate proper growth of the stalk.

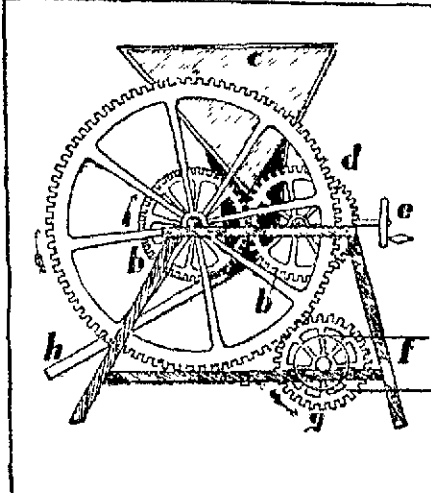
We always aim to sow oats quite deep, with a good, sharp hood drill, and as soon as sown we roll the surface down, sowing clover seed just ahead of this work. In so doing we get the grains all at an even depth, where they sprout evenly and at the same time root well into the soil.

We hear many speak of the oat crop running out after successive sowings. This need not be so, for we seldom hear of corn or wheat deteriorating, mainly because we do something to keep the seed up to the standard. We are today growing the same variety of corn we grew fifteen years ago.

By blowing out all shriveled grains, chaff and weeds and sowing only the nicest, plump grains and continuing to do so from year to year there is no need of deterioration, and much will be gained thereby, for with good, clean seed the oat crop cannot help but yield an increase and net the owner good wages for his few hours' work with the fanning mill.

A Homemade Feed Mill.

I have used different kinds of feed graders and have noticed that the feed is mostly left in cubes and different



ROLLER FEED MILL.

sized pieces with sharp edges, which does not digest as readily and easily as finely pulverized feed, such as old mill stones or the roller mills make. A very simple mill can be made with rollers that will not cost any more than the common farm grinder and still do practical work. I had one constructed which I used some time ago, writes an American Agriculturist correspondent.

The rollers were composed of two inch pipe, and gearing was used from an old mower. These rollers were a little too small, but it did good work. It was run by a four horsepower. The rollers should be six inches in diameter and from eight to twenty inches long, according to the amount of power at hand and the amount of feed to be ground. In the illustration b are the feed rollers, a the hopper, c the main drive wheels, d a device for regulating the flow of grain, e hand wheel for adjusting the feed rollers, f pinion to connect tumbling rod on power, g belt wheel if steam power is used and h discharge spout for the ground feed. There is a great advantage in a roller grinder, and that is it is geared down instead of geared up, as all other mills, and consequently will run much easier.

Agricultural Notes.

English walnut is best transplanted in the spring. The root is very soft and tender.

Professor Slingerland has given the western New York horticulturists the pleasing assurance that the canker-worm and forest and tent caterpillars seem to be decreasing.

Cleaning up the roadsides costs little and means a good deal.

THE HERALD

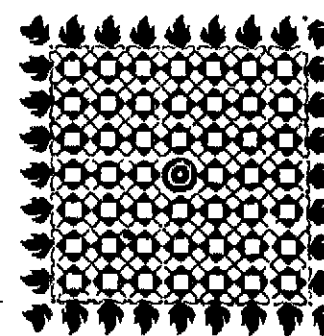
Has The Finest

JOB PRINTING PLANT

In The City.

Finest Work

Reasonable Prices.



E. H. Lowe

Old India Pale Ale

Homstead Ale

Nourishing Stout

Are specially brewed and bottled by

THE

FRANK JONES Brewing Co.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Ask your Dealer for them.

BOTTLED IN PINTS AND QUARTS The Best Spring Tonic on the Market.

Get Estimates

FROM THE HERALD ON

JOB PRINTING.

For neat and attractive Printing there is no better place.

W. E. Paul RANGES

PARLOR STOVES KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS

Everything to be found in a First-class Kitchen Furnishing Store, such as Tinware (both grades), Enamelled Ware (both grades), Nickel Ware, Wooden Ware, Cutlery, Lamps, Oil Heaters, Carpet Sweepers, Washing Machines, Wringers, Cake Closets, Lunch Boxes, etc.

Many useful articles will be found on the 5c and 10c Counters.

Please consider that in this line

will be found some of the

Most Useful and Acceptable Holiday Gift

39 to 45 Market Street

H. W. NICKERSON, LICENSED EMBALMER

AND

FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

5 Daniel St. Portsmouth.

Calls by night at residence, 9 Mill avenue, or 11 Gates street, will receive prompt attention. Telephone at office and residence.

SEMI-WEEKLY Ideal Tourist Route.

TAKE THE Joy Line

DAILY Except Sunday VIA PROVIDENCE LAST TRAIN 3:42 P.M. South Station

\$3.00 to \$2.00 New York

Including Berth in Stateroom.

Buffalo via N. Y. & Hudson River Lowest Rates Out of Boston.

Tickets and information at 314 Washington St., Boston. GEO. F. TILTON, Pass. Agt.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

WALL ST. WINNERS

primarily are produced by proper application of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property and its value. To supply the needed information and best methods to apply same, to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 page, illustrated, "Guide to Investors."

"Guide to Investors"

containing complete statistics relative to every property dealt in upon the exchanges, together with instructions for how to buy and sell, for successful trading and other data, calculated to help the reader, to secure some of the large profits distributed annually, through the medium of trading.

HAIGHT & FREESE

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y. STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON. 85 State St., Boston. "Determining the character and financial responsibility of your broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

BEAR THIS IN MIND

We carry a large assortment of Carriage and Wheel Material, Wheels, &c., carefully selected for our own use and for public demands, at very low prices. Several New Wagons and a variety of second hand Wagons in good repair, will be sold very cheap, for lack of room to store them.

G. J. GREENLEAF

Corner State and Church St.

THOMAS E. CALL & SON

—Dealers in—

Eastern and Western Lumber

HAYFORD & STENSON'S

St John Shingles

Also Clapboards, Pickets, Etc.

For Cash at the Lowest Market Price.

36 Market street, Portsmouth.

JOHN BEHAN & CO.

Reliable Dealers in Wines and Liquors.

65 BLACKSTONE ST., BOSTON.

We offer Kentucky distilled pure Rye or Bourbon Whiskey for \$1.50 and \$1.75 gal., according to proof, our own special brands "BEHAN'S Old 67" Kentucky Rye and "BEHAN'S Old 67" Kentucky Bourbon for \$2.00 gal., regular \$2.50 gallon; BEHAN'S Gilt Edge \$2.50 gal.; BEHAN'S BEAT brand \$3.00 gal.; OLD GROW and HERMITAGE WHISKEY \$3.00 gal.; GIBSON'S XXXX or PURE RYE \$3.50 gal.; FINEST GOLDEN WILD DING PURE RYE and SHELWOOD PURE RYE \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$4.00 gal., according to age; there are all straight pure rye whiskeys received direct from distillery warehouses; also Wilson's Whiskey, G. Rick Club, G. O. Blake, Gibson XXXX and Kentucky Taylor in sealed bottles at the very lowest prices; American Gin \$1.50; Pure Rye Malt Gin \$2.00; Geneva H-land Gin \$2.75; De Kuyper's Holland Gin \$3.00, Old Tom Gin \$3.00; New England Gin \$2.00 and \$2.75; Medford Rum \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00, according to age; California Wines, warranted pure and unadulterated, consisting of Port, Sherry, Angelica, Catawba, Muscadine, Tokay, Madeira and Claret, 1886 vintage \$1.00 gal., 25c qt., 1886 Port and Sherry only, \$1.50 gal.; 40c qt. old wines put up in jug only, 90c gal.; 1897 Cal. Pure Brandy, \$3.00; 1898 vintage, \$3.00; Rye and Rye, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00; pure grain Alcohol, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 according to proof; Cherry Ram and Cherry and Blackberry Brandy, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00; Tennessee Brandy, \$5.00 gal. and upwards; imported Ports and Sherries, \$2.00 gal. and upwards; Duffy's Malt, 80c bottle, \$3.00 case, could put up in jugs or bottles and assorted in any quantities to suit and packed in plain boxes without extra charge. For safety send express or P. O. order or registered letter. Being situated in the heart of the express district we can fill and forward orders with the greatest dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

JOHN BEHAN & CO., 65 Blackstone.

NOTICE.

The subscriber gives notice that she has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Walter P. Brooks, late of Portsmouth, in the county of Rockingham, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims against the same to present them for adjustment.

By her attorney, EDWARD H. ADAMS.

Dated at Portsmouth, N. H., Jan. 7, 1902.

NOTICE

The subscriber gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Anna L. Sampson, late of Portsmouth, in the county of Rockingham, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all having claims against the same to present them for adjustment.

CHARLES W. BLANKETT.

Dated Feb. 14, 1902.

GRAY & PRIME

OTTO COKE.

111 MARKET ST., Telephone 10-42

LADIES Who Have Used Them

Recommend the BEST

DR. MEN'S

PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Used for years by leading physicians. Wonderful in its effects. A safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of the female system. Sent by mail for 25c per box and 50c per dozen. All orders filled promptly. Address: DR. MEN'S, 111 MARKET ST., BOSTON, MASS.

TOO TALL FOR KOREA.

Consul General Allen Wants Special Building For Himself.

HAS TO ENTER DOORS SIDEWAYS.

Difficulties of Our Representative at Seoul to Accommodate Himself to His Pygmy Quarters—House of Representatives May Be Divided Over Odd Measure Appropriating Money.

There is some danger of the house of representatives being divided into tall and short factions, as a result of an application made by Consul General Allen, the American representative at Seoul, Korea, says the New York Times. The tall men are disposed to champion Mr. Allen, while the short men look upon the relief he asks as the first step in legislation for the benefit of tall men, who, they think, are already sufficiently favored by nature without calling in the aid of legislation.

Mr. Allen, it should be premised, is a very tall man. How much over six feet he is cannot be definitely ascertained, but an acquaintance of his in the state department, to whom recourse was had for information, says that Mr. Allen looks like "a parallel of longitude."

The worst of it is that Mr. Allen is also tall sideways. He has the misfortune to represent the United States in a country where all the inhabitants are lilliputians. In Korea a tall man is suspected of being an ogre. The Koreans build their houses to accommodate themselves and not to accommodate diplomats from Brobdingnagian states. To Mr. Allen the most offensive feature of his pygmy house in Seoul is the doorway, which is built in proportion to the house and is four feet high. When he enters this door, Mr. Allen has to go in doubled up like a jackknife. The Koreans are not only short, but slim, and as the doorways are built to accommodate slim people, Mr. Allen has to go in sideways.

Mr. Allen set forth his complaint in a communication to the state department, in which he asked that a building be erected in Seoul especially for him, so that he could properly uphold the dignity of the United States, in stead of exciting the derision of the people among whom his lot was cast by entering his demesne like a round shouldered crab.

In this communication Mr. Allen stated that his official residence was just opposite his palace, so that his humiliating position was doubly accentuated. He said that he had to bend over when he entered his doorway. When he got inside the house, he declared in his communication, he could not stand up if he had his hat on. He estimated the cost of a new building at \$10,000. Secretary Hay endorsed his application, and it was sent to congress with the departmental approval. An appropriation of \$10,000 has accordingly been asked for, Congress views the matter with various feelings. The tall men are a unit for the measure, but the short men view it with suspicion as the entering wedge of a "land of tall men" interest of their long legged citizens.

The tallest man in the house is the Hon. Cyrus A. Sullivan of New Hampshire, who is so many inches over six feet in height that he cannot count them. "I strongly sympathize with this proposition," said Mr. Sullivan, in discussing Mr. Allen's needs, "and I believe that we should go further than even the secretary of state desires in providing Mr. Allen with accommodations in which he can uphold the dignity of the United States. In spirit I am with Mr. Allen, but as to the precise nature of the remedy I differ with Mr. Hay. It isn't a new legislation building this gentleman needs. It's a barn. And I'll give him a barn any time. Of course, his head might occasionally get among the rafters, but a ceiling isn't all matters, and he could use judgment in picking his position."

Samuel W. Smith of Michigan, the smallest man in the house, took a different view of the matter.

"I consider this proposition an outrage," said he. "It is special legislation—class legislation. What has ever been done for us small men? Take my case. When I am standing up, the speaker thinks I am sitting down and falls to recognize the gentleman from Michigan. When I am sitting down, my feet don't touch the floor, and because of this my feet go to sleep. Hence a large part of the time that should be devoted to public business is spent in trying to wake up my feet."

"Now, if this appropriation goes through for a forty thousand dollar building for the consul general at Seoul I shall immediately introduce a measure providing for a high chair for me to sit in when I am not actually engaged in trying to catch the speaker's eye and a platform for use when I want to get the floor. If I can have an assurance that such an appropriation will go through, I will vote for Mr. Allen's appropriation."

Amos J. Cummings of New York occupies a middle position between the two factions, being a man of medium height. His view, therefore, may be taken as representing that of the conservatives or third party. "As I understand it," said Mr. Cummings, "Mr. Allen claims that he can not enter his doorway without stooping and that he cannot stand up in the house when he has his hat on. I will never vote for that appropriation. I

will not vote to supply with luxurious quarters a man who so far violates the proprieties as to wear his hat in the house. Think of the precedent it sets! What will the effete dynasties think of us if our diplomats acquire the habit of wearing plug hats in their own homes?"

It is believed that unless the advocates of Mr. Allen's new home can win over the moderate or third party element represented by Mr. Cummings the short faction will win the day. It will be observed that Mr. Cummings takes no stand either on the tall or short proposition, but bases his objection to the scheme solely on Mr. Allen's violation of the proprieties.

CREAM OF GERMAN NAVY.

Crew of Kaiser's Yacht Hohenzollern Composed of Picked Men.

On the Hohenzollern, which is to be the home of Prince Henry in this country, is a crew comprising the cream of the German navy, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Every man on the emperor's yacht is a picked man, from the galley boy up.

There are only 300 of these men, and a better trained and better disciplined crew is not afloat. Every man is a typical German. All wear either a light pointed beard or go clean shaved. There is no mustache in the German navy without a beard to accompany it. The discipline on the yacht is perfect. The routine is that of a man-of-war, in which class the Hohenzollern belongs.

The emperor's own cooks are on board the yacht. There are five of these. Four arrived on the Graf Waldersee recently and will accompany Prince Henry on his tour. The entire kitchen force is the same that cooks the emperor's meals when he is on board the yacht. The kitchen is kept as neat and clean as a parlor and is guarded as sacredly as the emperor's own quarters.

The yacht is fitted with two rapid fire rifles well up toward the bow. These are fixed behind screens and are used for saluting visiting officials. Two immense searchlights are located on the bow of the yacht. In appearance the yacht is more solid and less luxurious than the yachts of some American millionaires. It is finished in splendid style, but the solidity necessary to carry out the idea of a warship is there.

The most marked contrast and difference prevail among the officers of the yacht. When the officers are leaving the yacht in their dress they always raise their silk hats, while the others remain on the yacht salute in return. When the admiral is going ashore, the officer of the deck stands at salute until he reaches the pier, when the shell pipe of the boatswain announces that the commandant is on shore.

FOREST FRINGED RAILWAY.

Illinois Central Will Plant Catalpa Trees For Nine Hundred Miles.

Within five or six years there will probably be several rows of catalpa trees stretching from Chicago to New Orleans, a distance of about 900 miles, says a dispatch from Chicago to the Boston Herald. They are to be planted by the Illinois Central railroad to provide the company with lumber for cross ties. Over 200,000 of the trees will be planted.

At first it was thought to set aside one or two tracks on which to plant the trees, but it has now been decided to string the forest over the entire system, placing hundreds of trees on every spot where there is any considerable room. From Chicago to New Orleans the trees will be planted in profusion. They will not be set out after any pattern or design, but the seeds will be dropped in to the ground around stations, along the right of way in the country, around warehouses and every place where they may grow and at the same time shade the tract for planting their shade. The contract for planting this immense longitudinal forest has been let. Agents are now in the field to find places where the larger numbers of trees are to be planted.

During the last two or three years much difficulty has been experienced by railroad officers in obtaining the proper timber for ties, and the great amount used for this purpose has drawn heavily on the lumber markets of the country for the right kinds of wood.

AMAZON TOMB FOUND.

Western Norway Yields a Skeleton With Well Set of Armor.

The discovery at Solor, in western Norway, of the tomb of an amazon is exciting great interest in scientific circles, says a dispatch from Christiania to the Chicago Record-Herald. The discovery was made by Professor Goldberg.

The tomb contains the remains of a woman between twenty and thirty years of age, apparently buried with her horse and complete armor, the latter being in fine condition, and the complete skeleton of a horse also occupying the tomb.

It is said this is the first discovery of the kind, although the old sagas frequently speak of women warriors. The tomb probably dates from the viking age, and the woman must have been a prominent warrior, as only persons of celebrity were buried with their horses and arms. The excavating party is making further explorations.

Building a House of Nations.

A house built of nations is the latest thing in architecture, and a certain French musical celebrity is building it, says the London Telegraph. The walls, the ceiling, the doors, the exterior and the interior of every description. Every country has been unsmoked, and some very curious specimens are reported to have been brought to light.

Young mothers need the extra and natural strength that

JOHANN HOFF'S

EXTRACT

gives, not the stimulation of alcoholic tonics.

Refuse all substitutes. Be sure to get the Genuine Johann Hoff's Extract, and you will not be disappointed. JOHANN HOFF: New York, Berlin, Vienna, Paris. SOLE AGENTS: MENDELSON CO. 1014 Broadway, New York.

RAPID MONORAIL ROAD.

Trains Exceeding Hundred Miles an Hour Planned For Scottish Line.

Renewed interest in the monorail system of transit has been awakened by the proposition to construct a line between Edinburgh and Glasgow, plans for which have been submitted to the government board of trade for approval, says a special cable dispatch from London to the New York Evening Journal. The speed to be attained on the proposed line is 117 miles an hour, which means that the journey of forty miles will be covered in twenty-five minutes.

This system has attracted a great deal of attention since the plan to construct a monorail line from Liverpool to Manchester was submitted to the railway committee of the house of commons and favorably reported on less than a year ago. Considerable opposition has been encountered, but the extraordinary speed possible to these trains and their safety have been irresistible factors in recommending them to the progressive.

The features of the system are: It requires only a single rail at the apex of an A shaped structure. It needs comparatively small locomotives. It finds power for locomotion at every point along its entire rail, and there is scarcely any limit to the speed possible to be attained. Incandescent drawbridges are arranged for crossings, and every appliance necessary to insure safety has been devised.

The Tahr system of the monorail is the one that has found most favor in England, although several other systems are in course of construction in various parts of the continent. It is expected that Vienna and Budapest, Berlin and Zosses and Brussels and Antwerp will be connected with each other by these systems before very long.

PICTURES AN IDEAL CITY.

An English Society Proposes to Effect the Betterment of London.

Frederic Harrison sketched an ideal London, which a strong unofficial organization will attempt to realize, says the Chicago News. The association, which calls itself the Society for the Betterment of London, is supported by many wealthy and titled people. The programme of reforms contemplated the abolition of the newsboy, organ grinder, mudman, the smoky atmosphere, impure food and milk, unclean streets, pauper alleys, the employment of children in public places after 9 p. m., street gambling, promiscuous spitting, foot and street, the open solicitation of vice and a host of other familiar features of London life.

The society hopes a little later to attack antiquated elevators, unheated railway carriages, unsightly architecture and pirate omnibuses.

Sod Houses Popular in Colorado.

Sod houses, or, as they are locally termed, "soddies," are now being built in large numbers in eastern Colorado, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger. They are made of oblong pieces of sod cut from the prairies, about 18 inches in length, 7 inches broad and from 3 to 4 inches thick. No foundation is required, the sods being simply laid on the prairies, and up goes the structure. "Soddies" are cool in summer and warm in winter, and when the snow laden wind is whistling without a cozy sod house, in which there is a good corned beef fire, is not to be despised.

APHORISMS FROM EMERSON.

Rectitude is a perpetual victory. To be great is to be misunderstood. Self trust is the essence of heroism. Nature loves analogies, but not repetitions.

Men are respectable only as they respect. Obedience alone gives the right to command.

The highest revelation is that God is in every man. Sincere and happy conversation doubles our powers.

No man ever stated his griefs as lightly as he might. Put God in your debt; every stroke shall be repaid.

The beautiful rests on the foundations of the necessary. My creed is very simple—that goodness is the only reality.

The great are not tender about being obscure, despised, insulted. Omit the negative propositions; never use with incessant affirmations.

Never mind the ridicule, never mind the defeat; go again, old heart! The disease with which the human mind now labors is want of faith.

The good spirit of our life has no heaven which is the price of rashness. The greatest wonder is that we can see these things in Yosemite and yet wonder none.

The essence of greatness is the perception that virtue is enough; poverty is its ornament. The false prudence which does on health and wealth is the butt and meridian of heroism.

NEW GUN FOR OUR ARMY

Springfield Rifle Will Supplant the Krag-Jorgensen.

AMERICAN WEAPON DEEMED BEST

On Account of Its Greatly Increased Muzzle Velocity a New Bullet of Cupro Nickel Has Been Invented For It—Dangerous Piece For Direct Fire at Three Thousand Yards.

No longer are the American soldiers to carry rifles designed by foreigners, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The edict has gone forth from the war department at Washington that the Krag-Jorgensen rifle is to be discarded, and the Springfield rifle of the make of 1901 is to take its place.

The new rifle is said to exceed all others in range, energy and penetrating power, and at high angle firing its bullets will be effective, it is estimated, at 4,500 yards. The famous Mauser rifle of the Boers is credited with having killed British soldiers at 3,700 yards. Lieutenant Colonel Conyngham of the Gordon highlanders was killed at 3,500 yards, and there are many well known cases of English officers and men falling at from 3,000 to 3,200 yards.

The new American rifle is the product of the skill and ingenuity of the government officers at the Springfield arsenal. It may be said to be a developed Krag-Jorgensen, inasmuch as many of the essential features of the Krag weapon are retained, while important improvements have been added. The muzzle velocity of the bullet has been increased from 2,000 to 2,300 feet a second. This is enormous velocity for a ball from a .30 caliber gun.

The old breechloading Springfield yields a muzzle velocity of about 1,250 feet a second. The Mauser on a caliber of seven millimeters, or less than .30 inch, affords a velocity of about 2,300 foot seconds. The new American gun has a heavier ball than the Mauser, moving at greater muzzle speed, and the result is naturally greater striking energy for the United States bullet. Even if the Mauser ball possessed initial velocity equal to the American the latter, owing to the greater weight, would as the distance increased greatly preponderate in smashing and penetrating power.

The side box of the Krag will be abandoned. General Crozier, chief of ordnance, attributes all the erratic shooting of the present gun to this attachment. The piece is not evenly balanced, and General Crozier thinks that the muzzle is deflected to the left at the instant of firing by reason of the side box. In guns with right handed rifling the drift or deflection of the bullet should be to the right, but in the case of the Krag-Jorgensen a drift to the left has been traversed, by which time the effect of the muzzle deflection has been overcome.

In the new gun the feed will be from a magazine, centrally located, and the five cartridges will be charged in one motion. Not only will the piece be perfectly balanced, but the loading will be much more rapid than is now the case. Cartridges with cannellured heads will be used. Instead of a rim at the base of the cartridge case a narrow trough or gutter is cut around the entire circumference. The prongs of the extractors sink into the trough and secure a firm grip for the pulling out of the shell. The doing away with the base rim permits of a closer packing of cartridges, since with the cannellured head the shells lie snugly together along their entire length.

Lead and autonomy have constituted the principal mixture for bullets of present day rifles. As velocities increased nickel jackets were placed over the bullets, since it was found that the soft lead would fly to pieces under the terrific number of revolutions imparted. Nickel has served satisfactorily up to 2,000 foot seconds velocity, but at higher velocities decided tendencies to strip off are manifested. This fact has led to the adoption of a still tougher and more cohesive jacket made of cupro nickel. At the same time cupro nickel is sufficiently soft to permit of taking the rifling and thereby imparting the necessary rotary motion to the projectile.

A muzzle velocity of 2,500 foot seconds would be accorded the new American rifle, it is said, but for the fact that the corresponding pressures in the gun are deemed somewhat high. To secure 250 feet a second at the muzzle the chamber pressures approximate 49,000 pounds to the square inch. It was deemed wise not to let the pressure run above 45,000 pounds, and on this pressure it was found possible to secure 2,300 foot seconds. The increase over the velocities of the present gun is 300 feet a second.

From 900 feet a second of the civil war period to the 2,300 foot seconds of today is the advance of forty years. Now that telescope attachments have been devised for army rifles the new American weapon becomes a dangerous piece for direct fire at 3,500 yards. For high angle firing its range should not be less than 4,500 yards.

In Honor of Prince Henry.

Postal cards bearing the portraits of Prince Henry and his wife, Princess Irene, have been introduced at Providence, R. I., and promise to be widely used throughout the prince's visit.

An Occidental Oriental Duet.

Great Britain and Japan, says the Baltimore American, are now in a position to sing that famous ballad beginning "We don't want to fight, but, by jingo, if we do."


EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box.

For Sale by F. B. Coleman.



WEAK MEN *Sexine Pills* **RESTORE VIGOR**

This is the old reliable cure, sure and lasting, for Impotency, Insomnia, and Nervous Debility, including dizziness, troublesome dreams, drains and despondency, caused by excesses, overwork or study. Sexine Pills clear the brain, add flesh, check weakening losses and restore energy to every organ. \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes (with legal guarantee to cure or refund money) \$5.00. Book free. Address: PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by F. B. Coleman.

G. Dwight Hanscom

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Office No. 9 Congress street, First Floor Up.

REAL ESTATE

Bought, Sold and Rented

AUCTION

Sales of Real and Personal Property in city and vicinity will be promptly, faithfully and honestly attended to, and prompt cash settlements will be made

PURE LIQUORS.

All whiskies warranted seven years old. "C. O. C." Rye Whiskey, \$2; Fairfax Bourbon Whiskey, \$2; Peerless Bourbon, \$2.50; Old Reserve Rye, \$3.00; Rodeo XXXX Rye Whiskey, \$3.25; Braddock Rye Whiskey, \$4 per gal; Fine old Scotch and Irish Whiskies, \$2.75; Holland Gin, \$3; Rye Malt Gin, \$2; Old Medford Rum, \$3; New England Rum, \$2; Cherry Rum, \$2; Port and Sherry Wine, \$1; Imported Port and Sherry \$2; Rock and Rye, \$2; Cal. Brandy, \$3 per gal. Quarts at gallon prices. All standard brands of bottled goods of very lowest market prices. All goods shipped without marks. No charge for jugs, packing or essoring. Our motto, Satisfaction or money back. J. W. CALMAN & Co., Wholesale Liquor Dealers, 321 Tremont St., Boston, Mass. Oldest Liquor House in New England.

JOHN PENDER

Fire,

Life and

Accident

Insurance

32 Congress St.

NATIONAL BLOCK.

KEELEY INSTITUTE

NORTH CONWAY, N. H.

—Cure of—

LIQUOR AND DRUG DEPENDENCE,

TOBACCO HABIT AND NEURASTHENIA.

Hotel first class in appointment; heated by steam, exclusively for patients; delightfully situated among the mountains; water from mountain spring celebrated for purity; perfect rest, retirement and privacy; descriptive book mailed free on request.

J. R. KEATING, Manager North Conway, N. H.

305mo

NEW RATES.

The New England Tele

phone and Telegraph Com-

pany announce new and lower

rates.

For information apply to

manager.

SKATES

Sharpened

—AT—

G. B. CHADWICK & CO'S.

11 Bow Street.

BOWSER'S PLIGHT.

HE PUTS HIMSELF IN A BAD WAY IN SAMPLING A JUG OF PEACH BRANDY.

As a Judge of the Liquor to Oblige His Butcher, and With Each Swig the Connoisseur Finds New Beauties in It and Dubs It XXX.

[Copyright, 1903, by C. B. Lewis.] **B**EFORE sitting down to his evening paper and cigar Mr. Bowser went over to the butcher's to select a steak for breakfast. On looking about the shop his eye fell upon a gallon jug tagged with the butcher's name, and the man of meat explained:

"I just got that jug from my brother-in-law up the state today. He went upon the manufacture of peach brandy three years ago and has sent me a



"I'LL TASTE IT."

sample of his oldest. You are posted on wines and such, and I wish you'd tell me what you think of it."

"It must be ordinary stuff if made in this country," observed Mr. Bowser, as he toyed with the cork. "We have peach brandies, but we don't seem to now how to use them. I'll taste it, however."

He lifted up the jug and took a swallow and then stood for a minute smacking his lips. That peach brandy was of so ordinary as he had looked for. "Is it pretty fair?" asked the butcher.

"I should say," replied Mr. Bowser, as he took a long swig and looked very



"DO YOU REALIZE THAT YOU ARE INTOXICATED?"

use over it, "that it was at least XX

tuff. Your brother-in-law has done very well, very well indeed. With a few more years' experience!"

He took another drink, looked wiser and more contented.

"With a few more years' experience I can almost hope to compete with my French in the manufacture. Ah—m!"

"I'd like to send him back a pretty good report," said the butcher. "Would you mind tasting again?"

"Not at all. Ha! I find the sickness it fully equal to the best French brandy, though it may lack a trifle in body. You can tell your brother-in-law that the sickness is all right. A gallon of it would slip down a man's throat while he was winking his eyes."

"Thanks, sir. My brother-in-law will be highly pleased. Won't you taste again and see if the body isn't up to me? Let it linger on your tongue a trifle longer."

Mr. Bowser lifted the jug for the fourth time, and the gurgle in his throat had the sound of a brook running away. When he finally choked off, he sighed and wiped off his mouth and said:

"The body is all right. You can write to your brother-in-law that this is at least XXXX peach brandy and hat no Frenchman has ever made better. He has only got to keep right on it. Mr. Bowser says so."

"I will, sir, and thanks to you again. You will probably receive a jug of it ourself next week."

When Mr. Bowser got his breakfast under his arm and started for home, he felt soft and oily and good natured. A street car passed, and he nodded and smiled at the motorman. A grocer's boy came along with a basket of potatoes, and he was patted on the back and told to keep right on it. He wanted to be president of the United States. Mr. Bowser entered by the basement door and called the cook old girl, as he handed her the steak. She was laughing as he went up to the living room, and after a long look at him Mrs. Bowser asked:

"Well, did you meet up with a funny adventure while getting the meat?"

"I did. Ha! ha! ha!" he laughed.

"Say, what is that blamed old owl of a cat looking at?"

"At you probably. She hasn't heard you laugh like that for six months. What was the fun?"

"Why, I—ha! ha! ha! It was just too rich for anything. I can't think of it without almost choking. By George, but I wish you had been there!"

"But what was it?" persisted Mrs. Bowser.

"It was in Chicago ten years ago—ha! ha! ha! I was going along State street just behind an old rooster when all of a sudden he—ha! ha! ha! Say, I can't tell it. It's too funny."

"What was the rooster doing on the street?"

"He was—ha! ha! ha!—walking along. Don't ask me to tell the rest. I can't do it without choking."

Mr. Bowser rocked back and forth and slapped his leg and grew purple in the face, and the cat sat up and looked at him out of eyes as big as saucers. Kitten and cat, she had been in the Bowser family for years, and she had never seen the head of the family so affected before. Mrs. Bowser was also looking, and as a suspicion began to grow in her heart she inquired:

"Did the butcher ask you out to drink when you bought the meat?"

"Course not—ha! ha! ha! I wish you could have seen that old rooster! No; the butcher didn't ask me out to drink. He had a jug of peach brandy, and when he struck an icy spot that old rooster's heels—ha! ha! ha!"

"And he treated you to peach brandy?" she asked.

"I had to taste of it to tell him whether it was XXXX or not. When his heels flew up, that old rooster spread his wings and clawed the air and yelled out and sailed around and—ha! ha! ha!"

For a minute Mr. Bowser was in danger of a stroke of apoplexy. Then his laughter died away in a long drawn groan, and he looked at Mrs. Bowser in a pitiful way and asked:

"Isn't it too bad that my Cousin Joe is dead? Joe was a mighty good fellow, mighty good. I can't think of him without crying."

"Do you realize," she asked, knowing the truth at last—"do you realize that you are intoxicated?"

"Me 'toxicated?" he replied as he straightened up. "Never, sir—never! That old cat's as drunk as a lord, but I'm all right, all right. What makes you think I'm 'toxicated? Mighty funny you can't see that I'm sober and the cat has got a jug on. Shays, Mrs. Bow-

ser, ain't you sorry for my poor Cousin Joe?"

"I'm more sorry for you. You ought to be ashamed of yourself."

"What should I be 'shamed 'bout? I don't scold me, darling. I don't think I'm going to live very long, and then you won't have any hubby. You won't marry again if I die first, will you?"

"I'll help you up stairs to bed," she said as she rose up and took him by the arm.

"Yes, help me up stairs, 'cause I won't live long. I'd like to live a hundred years, Mrs. Bowser, but that old cat won't let me. You love me, don't you? If you don't love me, I'll sit right here all night. Call me hubby and say you love me."

There was a procession down the hall. It was composed of Connoisseur Bowser, his indignant wife and the wondering cat, and their progress was slow and eccentric. The procession had difficulty in getting up stairs, as Mrs. Bowser halted on every step to weep, but it was finally accomplished, and two minutes later he fell forward upon his bed and whispered as he closed his eyes:

"Zhat brandy is XXXX, and you tell your bruzzer-in-law Mr. Bowser says so. Mr. Bowser never makes no mistakes."

M. QUAD.

Two Views.

Leaving.

"Aren't you the man I gave a pie to last summer?"

"Yes'm. Anyer can't tell how I missed it when I ate de last of it yesterday, ma'am!"

"Will you throw away that nasty old pie if I give you a quarter?"

"Sure, lady! I needs a new one!"—New York Journal.

Case Enough.

She—People say they quarrel continually, but I don't know why.

He—Why, they are married, aren't they?—Puck.

Case Enough.

She—People say they quarrel continually, but I don't know why.

He—Why, they are married, aren't they?—Puck.

Case Enough.

She—People say they quarrel continually, but I don't know why.

He—Why, they are married, aren't they?—Puck.

Case Enough.

She—People say they quarrel continually, but I don't know why.

He—Why, they are married, aren't they?—Puck.

Case Enough.

She—People say they quarrel continually, but I don't know why.

He—Why, they are married, aren't they?—Puck.

JUDGE MARKLAND OF TACOMA

The guests (original) are arriving for young Mrs. Schermerhorn's fancy dress ball. As a precaution against thieves Mr. Schermerhorn stood in the main hall, leaning against a newel post, asking each guest to reveal his or her identity before going up stairs to the robing rooms. Mrs. Schermerhorn came to him, told him that he was wanted in the supper room and took his place while he was away. A guest passed her, a man in the dress of a Turkish pasha, who gave the name of a prominent citizen, Judge Nicholson. But as his voice sounded unfamiliar the lady suspected him. Happening to go up stairs while most of the guests were at supper, she saw the pasha in her bedroom gathering up loose pieces of jewelry on her dressing case. Since there was no one else on the floor, the lady was terrified, especially as the pasha, finding himself discovered, started and, Mrs. Schermerhorn guessed, was thinking of throttling her. However, she rose to the occasion.

"Why, judge?" she exclaimed. "You have got into the wrong dressing room!"

"Have I?" inquired the judge. "Isn't it the gentlemen's room I'm in?"

"Oh, no. The gentlemen's room is at the other end of the hall."

"Thank you, ma'am. I mane I'm obliged to ye for the information. I'll just go in there a bit."

"When you come down, I want to introduce you to some of my friends."

"I'll be with ye in was moment. I'll go now," added the pasha, who suddenly remembered that the robing rooms were too high above ground to escape from a window and preferred to take his chances on the main floor.

Mrs. Schermerhorn had a problem to solve. She did not dare to denounce the man for fear, in desperation, he would kill some of those who attempted to take him. Besides, she did not wish to mar her ball by a disagreeable episode. She did not even dare let him see that she suspected him. She knew that he was watching her in order to deter her from communicating the secret without his knowledge. Her first thought was to find her husband, but she knew that among so many this was a matter of chance. Reaching the drawing room with her companion, she saw the real Judge Nicholson across the room in his official robe, in lieu of costume, and carrying his mask in his hand. Catching his eye, she beckoned him.

"Judge," she said when he reached her. "I want to present your twin brother. He gives his name as Judge Nicholson, though he is in the costume of a Turkish pasha."

"I beg yer pardon," explained the burglar, stammering. "I gave me name as Judge Markland."

"From where?" asked Judge Nicholson. "There is no Judge Markland in our city."

"Oh, I'm from away out west—Tacoma."

"Tacoma," repeated the lady meditatively—"Judge Markland from Tacoma. You must be one of my husband's friends."

"Yes, ma'am. I knew him before ye were married. We was great pals in them days."

"Where did you study law?" asked Judge Nicholson.

"Law, is it? I studied law in the university—let me see!"

"Wasn't it under Judge Lynch?" asked the interrogator to help him out.

"Now, I'm thinkin' it was Judge Lynch."

By the lady's looks and the replies of Judge Markland of Tacoma Judge Nicholson had by this time taken in the situation.

"Don't stay here, Mrs. Schermerhorn," he said. "Your guests need you, I'm sure. Judge Markland and I will talk shop awhile."

The hostess hurried away and without stopping to find her husband telephoned to the police station. It was but a few minutes before a couple of uniformed men stepped into the hall, and at the same time the twin judges emerged from the drawing room. Judge Nicholson carefully keeping his brother of the bench before him. Then the two judges and the two policemen stood face to face.

"Good evening, Martin," said the real judge to one of the policemen. "You're just in time. I want to introduce you to Judge Markland of Tacoma. He studied law under Judge Lynch and has come to us to learn a few more points in the profession. Take off his mask."

The removal revealed the features of as ugly a looking villain as ever occupied a cell.

"What! Bill Murphy?" exclaimed the policeman.

"William," remarked the judge, "when we last met I think I was paying you the compliment to provide you with quarters in the penitentiary for ten years. Six months only having elapsed, I conclude you were dissatisfied with the board."

He broke jail last week," remarked Martin. "We've been watching for him ever since."

"How did you happen to take my name?" asked the judge of the prisoner.

"Faith, it's the only name I knew likely to pass in this house."

"You have a good memory. I'll fix my name on your mind still better next time."

Mr. Murphy was taken to the police station and taken back to his quarters at the penitentiary. Mrs. Schermerhorn's ball proceeded merrily, only a few of the guests who happened to be in the hall knowing that anything unusual had occurred.

OLIVE PENNEWELL.

ONE TRIP AND— ANOTHER..

By MARIE ALICE PHILLIPS

Copyright, 1903, by Marie Alice Phillips

The importunate cabbies and bustling porters failed to attract the attention of Frank Ryals except so far as a nervous person would notice mosquitoes or flies. He brushed them away without so much as a look as he passed down the long pier. With bent head and quickening footsteps he walked, unheeded and unnoticed, through the sweat and turmoil of the city to his home. As he rang the bell his hand shook and the muscles of his throat tightened.

The faithful butler, who had been valet to Frank Ryals before his marriage, held the door open and inquired solicitously if "Miss Ryals" got off safe and sound.

The reply came after a pause. "Yes, Brown, thank you," but the white, drawn look of his beloved master's face repelled further inquiry, and the butler retired to the kitchen, there to unobscure himself to Cynthia.

"It's my opinion Marce Frank is mighty cut up 'bout Miss Bess going off to Europe 'thout no warnin' hardly at all."

Cynthia sniffed.

"And her a bride of jes' three months!" continued the indignant Brown. "It's my opinion she don't care much about 'im, and 'im the best and jolliest man that ever lived."

Brown was growing more aggrieved every minute.

"Gus Brown, would you have a 'oman tied to a man's coattails always, jes' 'cause she happens to be married to 'im?" And Cynthia set the pan down sharply on the table.

"I don't expect much of women folks at no time," replied Brown stoutly, rejecting as much scorn into his tones as he thought safe, "but I didn't much expect a young bride to go off so cheerful-like and leave her husband for six months on a stretch."

Cynthia turned sharply and looked into the face of the worthy butler.

"Did you say six months, Gus Brown—six months?"

The faithful Brown could only bow his head in assent, and Cynthia, detecting traces of real grief in his usual woody countenance, was too shocked to take much account of the blister made on her hand by the overturned gravy.

Presently Brown put his head in the doorway of the drawing room to announce dinner, but, seeing his master with bowed head and bent shoulders, retired quietly to the kitchen.

Cynthia called Brown "a white livered coward" on his return, which emboldened that functionary to go back and touch his master's elbow.

"I don't care for dinner, Brown, thank you."

"Thout so much as movin'," Brown confessed to Cynthia as they prepared to do justice to the dinner now almost cold.

Letters came across the ocean to Frank Ryals, full of life and vivacity, now brimming over with the joy of some bright experience, now breathing awe and wonder of the grandeur of some old cathedral or mystery of nature, but never once did she say "I miss you, dear," or "I wish I were back at home with you," or "I wonder what you are doing." Frank Ryals searched her letters feverishly for some such expression, but it never came.

Old friends welcomed him back to the club, and occasionally he went to the opera. Dinners at home were scarce and finally ceased altogether. Six months had extended into eight because Mrs. Ryals wanted to take her party into Egypt, but now they were coming home.

The man who stood on the pier waiting for the North German Lloyd steamer to cast anchor on a bright April day looked very much like the same Frank Ryals who had stood there eight months before except for a certain air of composure and two little patches of gray hair on his temples that contrasted oddly with his fresh face. He received Bess and her friends cordially and told the latter he had made all arrangements to have them at his home during their short stay in New York.

Everybody talked at once at dinner, there was so much to say and the joy of being once more on American soil was so keen. The company rose, protesting vigorously when their host bade them good evening as he prepared to leave the house.

"We refuse to stay and turn you out of home and home this way. It is atrocious," they said.

"It is my pleasure," was the grave answer. "and you must stay."

Bess for the first time in her life was thoughtful and said little. On the fourth evening after her arrival, when the guests had all departed and the clock was on the stroke of 11, Frank Ryals rose and, taking hat and cane, said good night.

Bess rose also.

"Where are you going, Frank?"

"To the club," he calmly answered.

For a moment she gazed with astonishment. Then pain, anger and wounded vanity chased in quick succession over her mobile face.

"Our first evening together," she murmured to say, and, as she still held his hat and looked steadily at her, "has the club grown so dear to you that you can't give it up—one evening?"

"One has time to become attached to anything attractive in eight months," he said, "especially if it represents one's boyhood friends and companionship. The boys at the club have been very good to me, and I have come to depend on them. I would choose them in preference to scenery any time, I think," he commented, with a strained smile.

All color and brightness had fled from her face, and as she stood in the firelight, her white evening gown clinging about her, she looked almost pathetic.

"I—would like to know—the worst, Frank. Is it—any other woman?"

"No," he said; "I have never loved but one woman, and when I found it was all a mistake I suffered a great deal, more than you will ever know. But it is all over now. She didn't love me, and I have learned to do without her."

A pause. "We are on an equal footing now, Bess." And he stroked the gray hair on his temples without looking at her. "It is not as much happiness—as the other way, but there is not so much pain."

Bess had lost all power of speech and was staring at him with eyes almost set in their horror. But he mistook the cause.

"Don't bother your head, Bess, about what the world will say. It need never know. You bear my name, you are the mistress of my home, and you will be free to enjoy your pleasures just as you see fit. You are welcome to all I have."

"Except your love."

"You had that, too, once. How long ago has it been, Bess? It seems years: Good night," he said as she made no answer. "The old servants are here, and you will be perfectly safe."

Still she said nothing, and he went out, closing the vestibule door quietly after him. Bess recovered sufficiently to reach the window in time to see him move down the lighted street to ward the club.

"Oh, my God!" she moaned. "What have I done? Have I been dreaming all these months?"

She was awake now, with ten thousand accusing demons contending for the mastery of her soul.

Two months later Mrs. Ryals was ushered unceremoniously into Mrs. Ryals' boudoir and found a grave faced young woman bending over the smoldering fire.

"Oh, my dear, I am so fortunate to find you at home!" was her cheery greeting. "I am in the greatest hurry, but I do so want you to join my party to the Yellowstone park tomorrow. I'll be such a glorious trip. I telephoned Mr. Ryals, and the dear, sweet man said he left it entirely with you. Really, my dear, you are to be congratulated—Why, Bess?"

Her hostess had risen and now stood facing her, a grayish pallor spreading over her face.

"Don't speak to me of traveling! I hate the word—the thought of boats and cars and hotels! I want to be left alone—alone!"

Frank Ryals was mounting the steps of his club when an imperious tenant mine voice stayed his steps. It was Mrs. Ryals, and her ordinarily gushy manner had entirely disappeared.

"My dear boy, you don't want to stay at the club this afternoon. You really ought to run right up to the house. There's certainly something wrong with Bess. She's been treating me to a genuine case of hysterics. Imagine Bess in hysterics! And she won't go to California with us. Oh, she's altogether unreasonable! I left her in tears. You must have the doctor."

"Yes, I'll phone for him at once."

Mr. Ryals' voice and manner were calm, perfunctory. He raised his hat and mumbled two more steps. Then he paused irresolutely. Mrs. Ryals was half way up the block. A man addressed him lightly and entered the door, and still Ryals stood undecided a strange light playing in his moody eyes.

"She won't go to California. I left her in tears."

Tears for what? For him, after all! Suddenly he turned on his heel and plunged down the steps. A hansom was drawn up at the curb. The driver knew him well and touched his hat in terror.

"Home," exclaimed Ryals, and then, as the hansom rumbled over the asphalt he murmured in softer tones "Home."

The Sanyasis of India.

Popular belief in India still credits Sanyasis and other holy vagabonds with miraculous powers. Even the native journals often chronicle marvels like the instantaneous cure of incurable diseases or the feeding of thousands out of a small measure of rice. One of these prints gives a description of how a saintly Sanyasi saved the lives of a certain rajah and his escort from a wild elephant. As the party was proceeding through the lower Himalayas a monstrous tusker broke out of the jungle and set to trampling. The rajah and his followers were considerably scared and were giving themselves up for lost when a noble looking Sanyasi appeared and, standing in front of the travelers, told them to shout a certain order to the elephant. This done, the animal bolted into the jungle, while the savior of the rajah and his party vanished without waiting to be thanked.

Chasing the Fox.

A fox hound pressed by the Warwickshire hounds, in England, dashed into a back kitchen at Nailly Hall, the seat of the Marquis of Hertford, where a woman was washing clothes. Seeing a place of concealment, the animal sprang upon the furnace and dived into the almost boiling soap-suds, from which, however, he was quickly out again and was then captured.—London Telegraph.

IN THE DEVIL'S CALDRON

By George Neville

Copyright, 1901, by A. S. Richardson

"The prisoners are out! They've broke jail!"

The cry was picked up by a score of voices and carried down the long, narrow main street of Cimarron—to the gambling dens, where players dropped their cards and grabbed their guns; to the dancehall, where the music stopped with a crash; to the office of the Windsor hotel, where traveling men suddenly lost interest in a lively yarn; to the ill lighted shops, where merchants locked safes and tills and prepared to join in the man hunt. There was need of many deputy sheriffs in San Miguel county in those days.

It was 9 o'clock when the alarm was sounded. It was midnight before truth and fiction had been sifted and the women of Cimarron knew the worst. Every able-bodied, dependable man in the mountain town had been sworn in either as a member of the sheriff's posse or of the patrol which guarded the town.

On a cot in his office lay Heynman, the county jailer. He was encased by stern faced men. A notary public was taking his last statement, setting forth that Randall Wolfe, Jose Roday, Manuel Sanchez and Felipe Montez had choked and gagged him while making their escape from the San Miguel county jail. Later, at the coroner's inquest, the attendant physician testified that had Heynman been in ordinary health the fracas with the desperadoes would not have proved fatal, but the poor fellow was a "lunger" who had come to Colorado for his health. The gag had caused a hemorrhage.

The fugitives had been sentenced for six months or less on petty charges and public opinion laid the exploit at the door of Wolfe, handsome, daredevil Randall Wolfe, who had dropped into Cimarron from no one knew where, with plenty of money and a fondness for shooting at lamps in store windows. Soon after his arrival he had married one of the most beautiful Mexican girls in the vicinity, and they had settled down to a somewhat Bohemian housekeeping in a picturesque cabin among the river willows. All this had happened months before Wolfe had shot the lamps in Brown's drugstore, thereby starting a conflagration and landing in jail. And now Conchita, she of the great wistful eyes and the lithe, graceful figure, had disappeared from the cabin among the willows. People said that in her hour of disgrace she had gone back to her own people, who lived across the state line.

Two days, and three, slipped by, and one posse after another rode wearily into town until only Sheriff Maguire and a few picked men hung desperately on the trail of the outlaws. These, too, were becoming disheartened when in the steel gray of an early dawn they followed a wood hauler's trail to the Devil's caldron.

A circular pit was this, its bottom reached only by rocky paths such as mountain goats or fugitives alone would tread. On one side the walls dropped sheerly full fifty feet, and at one point a clear mountain stream cut its way through solid rock.

Maguire had ordered the horses staked a mile back in the thick timber, and as the posse drew close to the pit he motioned his men to halt. Then, dropping on his hands and knees, he crawled to the edge of the precipice and peered over. What he saw sent a thrill of exultation along his nerves. Near the smoldering fire lay the three Mexicans, while on the rocky ledge, slightly above them, lay two other figures, one of whom he could easily identify, even in the dawn's uncertain light, as the stalwart Wolfe. The fifth figure he studied carefully, but it was hidden by wrappings of gaudy blankets. But Maguire, recalling the sullen Mexican wood hauler they had passed far down the ravine the day before, knew that the outlaws had been provided with food and tidings from the outer world. Then, turning his gaze on the zigzag mountain trail ending within two feet of his hand, the sheriff smiled grimly. His prisoners were neatly trapped.

But the smile died suddenly. The fifth figure, the one at Wolfe's side, stirred restlessly, the red and purple blanket was tossed aside, and a beautifully carved arm was thrown above a mass of raven hair. It was Conchita Maguire drew back. To shoot men down in cold blood was one thing—he had done it before—but she was a woman, a woman who had done nothing but love too well this man of a rare and her own. The sheriff had seen the firebrands scattered about the campfire. And if the outlaws fought the girl would be in the midst of it.

TRUSSES

Having all the latest improvements in TRUSSES, combined with the "know how," enables us to guarantee satisfaction. Try us! If we fail to fit you, it costs you nothing.

A full line of **Shoulder Braces** **Supporters** **AND** **Suspensories** Always on hand.

PHILBRICK'S PHARMACY

SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER



now, and we have the finest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our price for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

J. H. Gardiner
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

ESTABLISHED IN 1872.
C. E. BOYNTON,
BOTTLED OF ALL KINDS OF
Summer Drinks,

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer, Tonic, Vanilla, Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general, and every endeavor will be made to fill all orders promptly and to a satisfactory manner.

C. E. Boynton
16 Bow Street Portsmouth

Gray & Prime

DELIVER
COAL

IN BAGS

NO DUST NO NOISE

111 Market St. Telephone 24.

GEORGE A. TRAFTON,
BLACKSMITH.

Horse Shoeing in all its branches. Particular attention given to interfering and over-reaching horses. Ship Work, Carriage and Tool Work of all kinds promptly attended to. Stone Tool Sharpening a Specialty.

NO. 118 MARKET ST.

THE HERALD.

MINIATURE ALMANAC,
FEBRUARY 26.

SUN RISES.....8:30 MOON RISES.....10:34 P. M.
SUN SETS.....5:39 FULL SEA.....10:15 A. M.
LENGTH OF DAY.....11:04

Last Quarter, March 2d, 5h. 39m., morning, E.
New Moon, March 9th, 5h. 50m., evening, W.
First Quarter, March 16th, 5h. 51m., evening, E.
Full Moon, March 23d, 10h. 21m., evening, E.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Forecast for New England: Wednesday, rain followed by fair weather Thursday, brisk high northeasterly winds on southern coast, becoming westerly in the afternoon.

MUSIC HALL BOX OFFICE HOURS.

Open 7:30 to 9:00 a. m., 12:30 to 2, 5 to 6, and 7 to 8 p. m., three days in advance of each attraction. Tickets may be ordered by calling Telephone No. 37-2.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 26, 1902.

CITY BRIEFS.

Of course you are going to the P. A. C. minstrels.

Smelt fishing is very poor at Great Bay at present.

The gale of this morning wrecked many an umbrella.

Have your shoes repaired by John Mott, 34 Congress street.

Tickets on sale at the door for The Mountain Nymphs Operetta.

Sleighting has gone up around the city and wheels are in order.

Many of the cross walks were ankle deep with slush this morning.

Several lodgers and one drunk passed Tuesday night at the police station.

The northeast wind signals were hoisted on the weather signal pole this morning.

Have you appeared before the board of registers to have your name on the check list?

A P. A. C. minstrel performance is always anticipated with pleasure by Portsmouth amusement seekers.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

Storer Relief Corps entertain the members of the Grand Army and Sons of Veterans at G. A. R. hall this evening.

If you have any out of town friends who enjoy minstrelsy, invite them to attend the P. A. C. minstrels with you.

Music lessons on Violin, Cornet, Mandolin and Banjo. R. L. Reinwald, Bandmaster U. S. Naval Band, 6 Court street.

The democratic mayoralty caucus will be held from 7 to 8 o'clock p. m., on Thursday at the old Court house.

There will be a monthly business meeting of the Epworth League at the Methodist vestry on Thursday evening.

The ladies having the turkey dinner in charge tomorrow noon have arranged to have music during the dinner hour.

When the tickets for William H. Crane in David Harum went on sale at Manchester the entire house was sold in five hours.

The P. A. C. minstrels give a performance on a more pretentious scale than any social organization in New England.

Eruptions, blotches and other spring troubles are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla—the most effective of all spring medicines.

The Odd Ladies are not to hold their meeting with Mrs. Hussey, Congress street, on Thursday evening, as previously notified.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

You will want to see and hear The Mountain Nymphs Operetta at the Middle street Baptist chapel, Thursday evening, Feb. 27.

Regular meeting of Storer Relief Corps, No. 5, on Wednesday evening will be held at half-past six o'clock. Members will please bring cake.

The meeting of the Travel department of the Grafton club with Miss Langdon, is postponed to March 5th, instead of February 27th.

There will be a large attendance at the P. A. C. minstrels from the nearby towns. The electric roads are sure of a large business the evenings of those performances.

Scald head is an exema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Messrs. Knight and Brown gave a very pretty invitation dancing party at Conservatory hall on Tuesday evening which was attended by a number from Rye and Kittery.

The King's Daughters of the Middle street church held their annual donation for the Home for Aged Women this afternoon and evening at the church chapel on State street.

Quite an idea has been started in some of the schools to procure pictures to adorn the rooms. All the children are asked to bring such things as old papers, rubbers, and anything that is salable for junk. Some pictures have been purchased and hung up.

"C. C. C." on Every Tablet.

Every tablet of Cascarets Candy Cathartic bears the famous C. C. C.

Never sold in bulk. Look for it and accept no other. Beware of fraud.

All druggists, 10c.

COKE IS SCARCE.

B. & M. Engines Using Soft Coal Again in Many Instances.

Through the inability of the New England Gas and Coke company to supply more than three hundred tons of coke weekly, the use of coke has been suspended temporarily on a large number of the locomotives of the Boston & Maine.

The company is able to supply but three hundred tons weekly, and the engines housed in and near Boston consume that quantity leaving none for the more or less distant places.

These engines are now burning soft coal, but as the grates have not been changed it is tolerably certain that the burning of coke will be resumed whenever the coke company shall be able to supply it in sufficient quantity.

OBITUARY.

E. Milledge Berry.

E. Milledge Berry, a well known resident of Greenland, died at his home in that town on Tuesday at the age of fifty-eight years and eleven months. Deceased leaves a widow, four sons and three daughters.

Bernard W. MacKinlay.

On Tuesday morning the death of Bernard, the little son of Selden W. and Ida E. MacKinlay, occurred at the home of his parents, after a short illness, aged three years and two months. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of their many friends.

Lizzie P. Hemmings.

Late on Tuesday afternoon, at the city farm on Maplewood avenue, occurred the death of Mrs. Lizzie P. Hemmings, at the age of seventy-nine years. The funeral was held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. A. Thomas officiating. Interment took place in the family lot at Harmony Grove cemetery. Undertaker Oliver W. Ham had charge of the funeral.

WHEN A MAN FALLS.

These last few days of slippery sidewalks have tended to bring out emphatically one of the peculiar sides of human nature. When a falls on the street in the sight of his fellow men, no matter how much the fall injures him physically, it seems nothing compared with the damage to his self-esteem. The first thing the unfortunate does after picking himself up is to look about him with an idiotic smile on his face just as if he took the whole thing as a joke. But he is anxious to see if anyone has noticed his tumble.

If there happens to be no one to witness the fall ordinarily the smile vanishes and there is a display of temper that is ludicrous. He vents his temper on his unfortunateness which he is giving a beating instead of a brushing and you can hear him muttering imprecations in an undertone. If, however, there is some one in sight, or a face is seen at a window, the victim goes on his way after a few preliminary jumps as if the whole thing was a matter of course incident.

HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

The ocean tug Storm King put into this harbor on account of the storm on Tuesday. She had a loaded schooner bound from Cumberland, Me., to Boston, in tow.

The tug Piscataqua, Capt. Perkins, sailed for Boston on Tuesday, where she will have repairs made to her boiler and be put in first class condition for the coming season.

Mr. Oscar Lighthouse is in Portland to see about a boat to run on the Shoals route the coming season.

The Shoals steamer Sam Adams is receiving some minor repairs to her machinery, which will take a few days.

Arrived, Feb. 26.—Steamer Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Salem, coal, with barge Philadelphia, coal; U. S. Light-house steamer Myrtle, cruising, from Annapolis and Boston, Deer Island, Boston, tug Storm King, Deer Island; tug Scavata, Boston.

GRAFFORT CLUB.

At the next Grafton club meeting, Thursday, Feb. 27, 1902, Rev. Henry Hovey of Newburyport, Mass., will give a most interesting address upon the geological formation of caverns and caves, taking as an illustration the famous Mammoth Cave. He will treat of life, both plant and animal, as found in subterranean passages, and of the development of life under such conditions as exist in caves.

The lecture will be sufficiently technical to instruct those having a scientific turn of mind and sufficiently popular to hold the interest of all. Mr. Hovey is known to many in this section and a good attendance is confidently expected.

HEARING BY RAILROAD BOARD.

The board of railroad commissioners will be busy today and Thursday in Laconia and Dover.

In Laconia the commissioners will investigate some land damages cases, in which some half dozen individuals will be given a hearing, the question of damages arising from the building of a sidetrack by the Boston & Maine railroad.

In Dover, along with the other business to be attended to will be the hearing of the petition of Wallace D. Lovell for a charter for an electric railroad from Dover to Portsmouth.

RUSHING IN HAY.

The farmers have been taking advantage of the sledding while it continues, to rush their superfluous hay to market. There were a number of loads in bright early morning. Thirteen dollars a ton is asked for the better grade of hay.

FOR SUMMER BUSINESS.

Summer hotels along the New England coast are already receiving applications for rooms for next summer. This is much earlier than inquired are usually made, and indicates a big business for the coming season.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Charles Randall of Rochester is visiting relatives in the city.

William McGuinness has returned from a visit to friends in Boston.

Miss Mabel Tenney of Newmarket is visiting friends on Bridge street.

Miss Mattie L. Lewis of Middleboro, Mass., is the guest of friends in this city.

Miss Ethel Durgin of Dover has returned home after a short stay in this city.

E. P. Lawrence was in Exeter Monday on business for the P. A. C. minstrels.

Winfield Berry of Boston has been passing a few days with relatives in this city.

Mrs. Harry Spaulding of Haverhill, is the guest of Mrs. John W. Kelley, Middle street.

Miss Mabelle Tenney of Newmarket is the guest of Mrs. Edwin B. Grigg, Bridge street.

Edwin Berry who has been employed in Beverly, Mass., is passing a few days in the city.

Miss Grace Rowell of Worcester, Mass., is the guest of Mrs. Floyd Middleton of Kittery.

Mr. George A. Wood has been called to Pepperell, Mass., by the serious illness of his aunt.

Mrs. Emma Ward and son, Sherman, from New Haven, are visiting relatives and friends.

Col. James Hartwell is the guest of Miss Ollie Goodwin of South Berwick, Me., for several days.

Mrs. Sarah Dodge of Maplewood avenue, who has been ill some time, remains about the same.

Park Joyce of Manchester, formerly a resident of this city, is passing a few days here with friends.

Harry Winn of Myrtle avenue has returned from a visit to Dover where he has been the guest of friends.

The Misses Boynton and Wendell gave a delightful card party in Conservatory hall, Tuesday afternoon.

The marriage of a well known drug clerk of this city and a Concord young lady is shortly to take place.

Clarence Huntress, a popular member of the Warner club, now residing in Lawrence, Mass., was in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Odiorne of Donnet street, who have been passing some time in York, have returned home.

Mrs. Leonora Davidson and twin daughters, Marie and Eleanor, of Lewiston, Me., are guests of relatives in this city.

Miss Marie Sinclair, who has been visiting friends in this city, has returned to her studies at North Hampton, Mass.

Miss Anna De Witt of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting her cousins, the Misses Fanny M. and L. Ethel Shannon, Myrtle avenue.

Mrs. Susanna Brown, who has been visiting relatives in the city for several weeks, has returned to her home in Hanover.

Mrs. Charles C. B. Allen, Union street, is so far recovered from the recent injury to her ankle, as to be about the house.

Harry Peyser, who has been passing a few days with his parents in this city, returned to his studies at Dartmouth on Tuesday.

The many friends of Miss Ethel Frothingham will be pleased to hear that she is able to be out again, after a two month's illness.

Miss Marie Sinclair has returned to her studies at Northampton, Mass., after a short stay in this city, the guest of Miss Eleanor Richter.

Captain J. Horace Peverly of Company B is in Nashua in attendance upon the annual brigade school of instruction of the N. H. N. G.

Everett N. McNabb, the contractor and builder, has sold one of his houses on Elwyn avenue to George Smallwood, who will occupy it.

Miss Elsie Glynn has returned to her home in this city after being the guest of her parents, Capt. John Glynn and wife of York Harbor.

Mrs. Joseph Morrison of Tilton, this state, is passing a week as the guest of her parents, City Auditor and Mrs. Samuel R. Gardner of State street.

William J. Gallagher has resumed his duties as clerk at the Franklin house, Hampton, after a clerkship of several weeks with John S. Young.

The condition of Miss Jessie Irene Wentworth of Kittery was considered favorable on Tuesday and no further alarming symptoms were apparent.

Miss Hortense Smith, who has for two weeks been the guest of Miss Gertrude Cotton, Islington street, returned to her home in Bangor, Me., on Monday.

Rev. Charles J. Reynolds of Manchester was here on Tuesday, three candidates after the degree work had been completed a grand banquet was served for which Biddle of Dover catered.

Mrs. Anna C. Fonda and Miss Olive Seward of State street, who have the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Fonda of Melrose, Mass., for several days, have returned home.

Willie Clark of Cutts street celebrated his forty-fourth birthday on Monday evening, and entertained quite a party of friends and relatives. Mr. Clark was the recipient of quite a number of presents.

WASHINGTON CHAPTER.

Washington chapter, No. 3, R. A. C., this evening received an official visitation from R. E. Deputy High Priest John Adams Lang of Franklin Falls, and suite. The Royal Arch degree was conferred on three candidates. The work was witnessed by a number of Masons from Dover, Epping, Exeter and Greenland. A banquet followed the work.

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

Edicate Your Throats With Cascarets. Cascarets, cure constipation, forever. No. 26. If C. C. C. is, druggists refund money.



Painkiller
(FRANK DAVIS)
the seaman's friend, for cholera, cramps or chills. It acts like magic. Take no substitute. Price 25c. a box.

CLERKS' UNION.

Tuesday evening at Piscataqua hall the grocery, provision and hardware clerks met and formed a union with the following officers:

President, William J. Harrison; Vice President, Joseph Murphy; Second Vice President, Frank King; Treasurer, C. E. Russell, Jr.; Financial Secretary, Edward S. Downes; Recording Secretary, Walter Staples; Guide, Peter Mooney; Guardian, Albert Stewart; Grievance committee, Frank Keene, Charles E. Johnson, William J. Harrison.

Tustees, Edward S. Downes, L. B. Hall, C. E. Allen; Past President, Joseph Murphy. The union started with a membership of thirty and will have permanent quarters at Piscataqua hall.

RECEIVED THEIR MONEY.

The Fernald heirs, owners of the property at Freeman's Point on which the White Mountain Paper company are to locate a part of their big plant, Monday afternoon received a check for the same. The deeds were passed and sent to Exeter for record, the former owners giving a warranty deed. Henry Green of Beverly, Mass., who also got a large sum of money for a little strip of land owned by him, received his money. He refused to give a warranty, however, and the White Mountain Paper company officials took a quit claim deed. Other property owners at Freeman's Point on which the Paper company have options will receive their money for the land as fast as the options fall due, and many of them will be paid this week.

PRESENTATION.

Ex-Assistant Engineer Charles J. Lyndon, who had the misfortune to break a bone in his ankle at the navy yard two weeks ago, was called upon Tuesday evening by a committee from M. H. Goodrich S. F. E. company, No. 4, (of which he is a valued member) consisting of Captain J. Morris Verrill, Lieut. E. A. Weeks and Clerk Charles H. Kehoe, and presented in behalf of the firemen of No. 4 with a substantial sum of money in token of their sympathy. Capt. Verrill made the presentation and Captain Charles, not usually lacking for words, was completely taken back and responded feelingly. The boys all hope for his speedy recovery.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sarsaparilla Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

PRINCES OF KHEM.

Cairo palace, No. 15, Princes of Khem, will observe its anniversary at Pythian hall on Thursday next by an initiation of candidates and one of the most sumptuous banquets ever given by this order. On the invitation committee are Arthur Johnson, Charles Hanscom and James E. Harrold. This committee has authority to invite all former members of the order. On the supper committee which is given a free hand as to expenditures are Frank Pike, Charles C. B. Allen and William P. Gardner.

OFFICIAL VISITATION.

Washington Royal Arch Chapter, No. 3, A. F. & A. M., was visited Tuesday evening by Grand High Priest John Adams Lang of Franklin Falls and District Deputy Warren Brown of Hampton Falls. The Royal Arch degree was conferred upon three candidates. After the degree work had been completed a grand banquet was served for which Biddle of Dover catered.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUSES.

Mayorality. The republicans of Portsmouth will hold a mayorality caucus at the old Court house on Court street on Monday evening, March 2d, from five to eight o'clock. SAMUEL W. EMERY, Chairman. JOSHUA M. VAUGHAN, Secretary.

Ward One.

A caucus of the republicans of Ward One will be held at the ward room on Maplewood avenue on Friday evening, Feb. 28, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates to be supported at the polls at the municipal election.

Ward Five.

A caucus of the republicans of ward five will be held at the ward room on Bow street on Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock for the purpose of nominating officers to be supported at the polls at the municipal election.

Per Order of the Ward Committee.

INVESTIGATION TO BE MADE.

Calvin Griffin of Chester Dies of Exposure, After Being Left By His Companion.

County Solicitor John W. Kelley has ordered an investigation as to the cause of the death of Calvin Griffin of Chester, who died on Monday from exposure, after being left in the road by his companion on Sunday evening while they were on their way from Derry to Chester.

The facts of the case as represented to Mr. Kelley are: On Saturday Calvin Griffin and Frank Brown, both of Chester, went to Lawrence to attend a theatre. While there, according to Griffin's story they did not drink anything. On Sunday they started home and they were obliged to walk from Derry to Chester. On the way Griffin was taken with violent pains in his stomach, and he was unable to walk. He claims to have begged Brown not to leave him, or he would die, but if he did to notify someone where he, Griffin, could be found.

He claimed that Brown responded with an oath, and turned away and left him. Brown arrived home at 11:30 and at once went to bed without saying a word to anyone as to his companion's plight. Griffin arrived home at 6:30 in an almost exhausted condition, both his feet were frozen and one of his legs. A physician was called, but he could not save Griffin's life, and he died Monday as a direct result of his exposure.

Griffin has always had a good reputation, while Brown's is not of the best.

The selectmen have been ordered to make an investigation and upon the result the solicitor will act.

CHOIR MUSICALS.

Tuesday evening the choir of the Court street church gave an enjoyable musicale in the church before a large and appreciative audience. Every number of the program was excellent and received much applause. The cantata of "The Village Blacksmith" was finely rendered by the church choir and they are to be congratulated on the success of the evening. The program was as follows:

PART I.

Praise The Lord. Choir. Maunder.
Piano solo, selected. Choir.
Red, Red Rose. Miss Campbell. Hastings.
Waltz. Miss Taylor. Gould.
In Bracken-Time. Mr. Mitchell. D'Haydelot.
Cornet solo, selected. Mr. Parlin.

PART II.

Who's At My Window. Osbourne.
Piano duet, Rhapsodie Hongroise No. 2. Miss Goodwin.
For All Eternity. Misses Drew and Rugg. Listz.
Viola Obligato. Mr. Ward. Mascheroni.
Vocal duet, Oh, That We Two Were Maying. Mr. Ward. Smith.
Cantata, The Village Blacksmith. Miss Goodwin and Mr. Mitchell. Noyes.

After the program refreshments were served by the young people in the vestry.

NO SCHOOL.

The storm was so severe at 8:15 o'clock this morning that the "no school" signal was sounded on the fire alarm and the session for the first half of the day was cancelled.

STILL ALARM.

The chemical was called out on Tuesday to extinguish a chimney fire in the house of Mrs. Olive A. March on Court street. The fire was quickly put out without any damage.

Every Exertion a Task

Every Care a Burden

There is failure of the strength to do and the power to endure; there is weakness "all over" that is persistent and constant.

The vital functions are impaired, food does not nourish, and the whole system is run down.

A medicine that strengthens the stomach, perfects digestion, invigorates and tones is needed.

What Hood's Sarsaparilla did for Mrs. L. B. Garland, Shady, Tenn., it has done for others. She took it when she was all run down—without appetite, losing flesh, and unable to do her work. It restored her appetite, increased her weight, and made her well and strong. This is her own unsolicited statement.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. The earlier treatment is begun the better—begin it today.

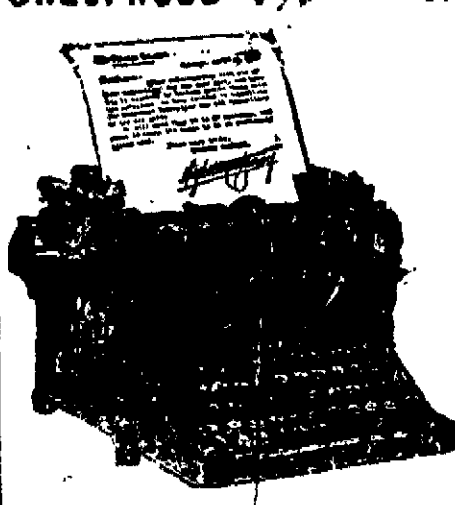
Plant System

Playing Cards.

Deck of beautifully finished playing cards, in two gold-stamped cases, sent upon receipt of twenty-five cents in silver or stamps. Address,

J. J. FARNSWORTH,
EASTERN PASS-AGENT,
290 Broadway, New York.

Underwood Typewriter



EVERY LETTER IN SIGHT.

Principle New Writing Visible. Speed Increased. Touch Elastic. Automatic Conventions. Operation Unchange. Tabulating Rapidly. Billing Speed. Strength Maintained. Actual Adv